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NEW BRITISH DEAL TO PALESTINE?

Attlee Promises Early Statement

Issue Of Atomic Bomb Secret Under Discussion With U. S. And Canada

LONDON, Oct. 9, (Reuter): The British Cabinet will make a statement on Palestine "at an early date," said the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, when Parliament resumed today after the summer recess.

Replying to a question Mr. Attlee said: "I have no statement to make at present but hope to make one at an early date."

When the questioner pressed for a "very early" statement in view of the "very great danger", Mr. Attlee added he was making it as early as possible.

Earl Winterton, (Conservative), asked whether if there is any departure from the White Paper (dealing with immigration into Palestine) policy there would be an opportunity for discussing it by the House before the departure is put into practice.

Mr. Attlee: The statement will be made to the House and that statement will obviously be made before action is taken.

Britain And Atomic Bomb

British policy on atomic bomb development was raised by the Conservative member Mr. Quietin Hogg who asked when the Government could make a statement about the principles of political action to be followed as a result of the invention of the bomb.

Mr. Attlee replied that the British Government would be happy to participate in discussions first with the United States and Canada and then with other nations as proposed by President Truman, meanwhile the British were keeping in closest touch with the United States Government as well as pursuing their own studies through an advisory commission.

Mr. Hogg: May not the people of this country be told something of the views of the Prime Minister and the Cabinet may have on this matter?

Mr. Attlee: Certainly, but I think the people of this country will agree that in this matter we want to keep in closest possible contact with our friends in the United States and Canada.

The Soulbury report on Ceylon's constitutional future on Page 5.

SOEKARNO FORMS 'PEOPLE'S ARMY'

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9 (A.P.A.) Dr. Soekarno's Indonesian nationalists have hope still of resisting the return of Dutch rule, a news despatch from Batavia indicated today. It said that Dr. Soekarno had announced the formation of a "People's Army apparently from the former "Soekerillas" (guerillas).

"His People's Army would resist the Dutch said Soekarno's paper "Merdeka."

Chiang On Future Of China

CHUNGKING, Oct. 9. (Reuter): Outlining the future political status of China Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek in a broadcast to-night on the eve of China's "Double-Tenth" celebrations said: "Political self-Government will be encouraged. "A legal status will be accorded to all parties. People's councils will be established in towns and cities. The National Assembly will be called soon."

Five Sick Destitutes Die In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, October 9. (A. P. I.): There were sixteen admisssions and five deaths of sick destitutes in Calcutta hospitals, yesterday, states a Press note.

Stop Press

TROOPS TO RESCUE.

LONDON, Oct. 9. (Reuter): It was stated to-night at the Ministry of Labour that arrangements for the use of troops at the docks affected by the strike in various parts of England are in the hands of the Ministry of War Transport.

The Ministry of War Transport stated that troops will be used wherever cargoes of perishable food need handling. It added that troops were already available at Hull.

EDITOR LOSES APPEAL

SANGLI, Oct. 9 (A. P. I.): The Sangli High Court Bench consisting of Justice Sir Navroji Wadia and Mr. Justice D. C. Joshi to-day dismissed the application of Mr. N. E. Vasagadekar, editor of "Nawi Disha", against the order of forfeiture of the security of Rs. 1,000 deposited by him with Government.

BACK TO OLD TIME

NEW DELHI, October 9. (U. P. I.): The present Indian Standard Time will be reverted back to the old standard time from October 15, says a press communique. The change will take effect from 2 a.m. on October 15, 1945, at which hour the clocks will be put back to 1 a.m.

U. S. TO PRESS FOR POTSDAM REVISION

American Economic Experts Set Ball Rolling

LONDON, Oct. 9, (U.P.I.).

The United States may press for a complete revision of the Potsdam Agreement. This is the belief prevailing in influential Washington circles, according to the latest despatches.

In this connection it is considered highly significant that the United States economic experts have chosen this moment to make public a report which asserts that the Potsdam formula for collecting reparations and for disarmament of Germany will be "difficult if not possible of achievement".

The document of findings is submitted to discussions by the Allies, but it has tended to increase the Russian suspicion that the Anglo-Americans hope to maintain stronger Germany than was envisaged at Potsdam and no longer regard the Potsdam decisions as binding.

Senators Satisfied With Byrnes' Report

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9. (A.P.A.): Members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee were apparently satisfied with the explanation of Mr. James F. Byrnes, the Secretary of State, about the course he followed at the London meeting of the Foreign Ministers' Council.

After a three-hour talk at a closed meeting with the Committee, Senator Lucas (Democrat—Illinois) told reporters, "I am in complete accord with the report of Mr. Byrnes."

Senator George (Democrat—Georgia) said he did not see how Mr. Byrnes could have followed any other course at London.

BEVIN BLAMES MOLOTOV

LONDON, Oct. 9. (Reuter): The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, in his first speech on the failure of the Foreign Ministers Conference in the House of Commons today emphasised that agreement to widen the Potsdam procedure by admitting the presence of the French and Chinese delegates though with limitations to their functions at all meetings of the Council was originally supported by M. Molotov as well as other delegates, writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Mr. Bevin also made it plain that the change of attitude on the part of M. Molotov, which led directly to the breakdown, was adopted on instructions received from Moscow.

"I was surprised," Mr. Bevin said, "when M. Molotov told Mr. Byrnes and myself that we had violated the agreement and that he could not continue discussions under the procedure under which we had been working for ten days."

Churchill Demands Debate

Mr. Winston Churchill said that the House without distinction of party was indebted to Mr. Bevin for the clear, temperate and able statement upon the disappointing events which had taken place.

Mr. Churchill added that Opposition would be ready to consult the Government's convenience whether a debate should be held next week or the week after and he suggested that if it were agreeable discussions should proceed through the usual channels to determine the time most convenient and in public interest.

Mr. Bevin replied: "I do not of course burke a debate whenever the House wants it, but I think the situation is delicate at the moment and if the debate is delayed for a little time it may be that strains may be remedied and national and international interests better served."

'INDIA SHOULD RULE BR. EMPIIRE'

LONDON, Oct. 9. (U.P.I.): The influential Russian radio commentator, David Zaslavsky, while refuting Paul Winterton, "News Chronicle" Moscow correspondent, who had accused the Soviet Union of being "undemocratic", said: "Paul Winterton says that the word democracy has clearly been defined, meaning the people's rule. We agree. But then we must make it clear what we mean by word 'people' and by word 'rule'.

"The British Empire has a population of 563 millions—comprised of peoples of India. According to Paul Winterton, they should rule the Empire. But the Empire is ruled by a minority. This can hardly be called democracy".

45,000 U. P. Teachers To Go On Strike

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 9 (O. P. I.): Forty-five thousand teachers of District boards in U. P. have decided at a meeting of the Advisory Committee of the Teachers' Association to go on strike from October 16 as a protet against Government's indifference towards their demand for increment and dearness allowance. Representatives of 36 districts were prseent.

Nagpur Busmen On Strike

NAGPUR, Oct. 9 (U.P.I.): About 160 employees of the Nagpur Town But Service have gone on strike for the last two days as a protest against their retrenchment of about 35 people, by the Provincial Transport Co., Ltd.

The management in a statement say that these reductions were necessitated by conversion of buses from charcoal gas to petrol, change of routes and reduction in worknig hours. They have further announced that new men will be engaged if the strikers do not resume within the next four days.

LAVAL SENTENCED TO DEATH

PARIS, October 9. (Reuter): Pierre Laval, the Vicy Prime Minister whom the Public Prosecutor described as having grudge against Parliamentary Democracy and against Britain was sentenced to death to-night for treason.

The sentence includes loss of civil rights and confiscaton of wealth.

The jury were away about one hour considering the verdict.

DARNAND TO BE EXECUTED TO-MORROW

PARIS, October 9. (U.P.A.): Joseph Darnand, Vicy militia chief who was sentenced to death on October 3, is expected to be executed by a firing squad at Montrouge fortress at dawn to-morrow. Genera de Gaulle received Darnand's defence lawyer who made a final plea for clemency, which is believed to have been rejected.

HESS IN NUREMBURG JAIL

LONDON, October 9. (Reuter): Rudolf Hess, Hitler's former deputy, is to-day situated in a prison cell at Nuremberg after four years' absence from his native soil.

Field Marshal Albert Kesselring, former German Commander-in-Chief in Italy and Western Germany, and Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, Germany's financial 'wizard', were also placed in the Nuremberg goal yesterday.

Martin Bormann, who succeeded Hess as Deputy Fuehrer, will be tried at Nuremberg in his absence if the Allies fail to capture him in time, according to Sir Hartley Shawcross, British Attorney-General and Chief British Prosecutor of war criminals, speaking in Berlin last night.

New Japanese Cabinet

Premier On Eight Point Programme Before Govt.

The new Japanese Cabinet was sworn in by the Emperor at the palace to-day.

Baron Shidehara, the new Prime Minister, is making a nationwide broadcast at 7 p.m. local time today. This is an unprecedented action on the part of a new Prime Minister so soon after the forming of his cabinet.

MOVE TOWARDS DEMOCRACY.

Baron Kijuro Shidehara has meanwhile issued an eight-point programme for the new Japanese Cabinet designed to establish a system of Government "based on righteousness

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BIG HAUL OF JAP TREASURE

TOKYO, Oct. 9, (Reuter). Allied forces have swooped on Japanese treasure amounting to over Rs. 83, 00,00,000 in gold, silver and platinum, cables David Brown, Reuter's special correspondent.

It will be kept in the vaults of the Imperial Mint and the Bank of Japan.

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and to formulate the foreign policy in accordance with the great principles of international justice and common prosperity of mankind."

Promising the establishment of a democratic Government he undertook "to uphold the fundamental rights of the people, restore completely freedom of the press, assembly and association and establish democratic rule."

He also envisaged speedy reform of organization of the House of Peers and representatives.

A Socialist Party was being formed, he added, and his Government was not interfering with it. He was not prepared to answer questions whether similar freedom would be extended to Communists.

Two Communist leaders are among 16 political prisoners including leading intellectuals who are being freed to-morrow from the infamous Fuchu prison in Tokyo and will immediately take part in the first free political rally in Japanese history.

Admiral Noritaki Tokada, who yesterday accepted the post of Navy Minister in the new Japanese Cabinet has now withdrawn in favour of Admiral Mistumasa Yonai, the retiring Navy Minister, radios Jack Smith, Reuter's special correspondent.

Admiral Yonai at first refused to offer to continue in office because of illness.

JAPS PLANNED INDIA REVOLUTION

General Marshall's Report Revelations

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9. (U.P.A.): The Japanese planned to stimulate unrest in India with the aim of fomenting an eventual revolution, was one of the things revealed to-day in the biennial report of General George C. Marshall, United States Army Chief-of-Staff, to the Secretary of War.

The 40 000-word document also stated that the Japanese had intended to invade Hawaii via Midway Island and the Aleutians and thus "bring the American northwest under aerial bombardment, raid the west coast aviation industries, and then seize critical areas.

But the Japanese plan initially failed when Japan missed the opportunity for landing troops at Hawaii from which to launch operations in the western Pacific, the deport said.

(SEE PAGE 5)

JAP PASSENGER SHIP SINKS WITH 5,800 ABOARD

OSAKA, October 9. (A. P. A.): A Japanese passenger ship with 6,000 Japanese aboard struck a mine and sank off Kobe on Sunday, the Japanese News Agency reported to-day

Only 180 passengers had been picked up.

American Superfortresses heavily mined the inland sea in the last months of war and virtually brought shipping there to an end.

Privy Council Turns Down Appeal

LONDON, October 9. (Reuter): The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council to-day gave their reasons for having dismissed the appeal of Malak Khan from the judgment of the High Court of Lahore dismissing his appeal from conviction on July 1, 1944 by the sessions Judge of Jhelum of murder of Akbar Khan and confirming the sentence of death passed on him.

WOMAN SLAPS EX-MINISTER

Incident At U. P. Congress Legislators' Meeting

LUCKNOW, Oct. 9. (A.P.I.): While he was addressing the Congress Legislators' meeting at the Councillors' residence in Lucknow, an ex-Congress Minister was assaulted in a most provocative manner by a woman intruder, according to the "Pioneer".

She gate-crashed into the hall, walked right upto him and pulled his sleeve. Thinking that she wanted to speak to him the ex-Minister turned to her. Thereupon she slapped him in the face and screamed at the top of her voice.

The incident took place with such dramatic suddenness that no one present at the meeting could anticipate the assault and effectively intervene. The woman, a relation of a local Congress M.L.A., was later turned out of the hall.

It is gathered that she made this assault on the ex-Minister under the mistaken belief that he had made certain disparaging remarks about her.

NEHRU ON AUGUST UPRISING

Says It Was A Revolt Of Oppressed People

LUCKNOW, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.)—The U.P. Provincial Congress Committee met yesterday after more than three years in an atmosphere of extreme cordiality. There were many happy meetings between old comrades. The Ganga Prasad Memorial Hall, the venue of the meeting, was decorated with hundreds of Congress flags. A yard higher than the dais and studded to a wooden railing were three miniature placards bearing the slogans "Quit India", "Delhi Chalo" and "Jai Hind."

Mr. Sri Krishna Palliwal presided. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Maulana Husain Ahmad Madni, Hafiz Mohammad Ibrahim, Mr. Sri Prakash, Sahid Fakhri Allahabadi, Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Babu Sampurnanand and Mr. Muzaffar Hussain were among those present.

Pandit Nehru moved the following resolution: "The U.P.P.C.C. meeting after more than three years of storm and stress of world war, and of a mass upheaval in India against alien and Imperialist domination and its ruthless suppression desires to send its greetings to the people of the Province and to extend its homage to all those who have suffered in the cause of India's freedom and independence. The committee pledge and dedicate themselves anew to this great and sacred cause which has inspired our people and for the realisation of which so many of our countrymen and countrywomen have laid down their lives and undergone life long suffering."

Pandit Nehru said he was proud to recapitulate the part played by his countrymen in the last three eventful years. The uprising in August 1942 throughout the length and breadth of the country was spontaneous. It was a revolt of an oppressed people and no instructions were issued.

MAHATMA GANDHI AS LINGUIST

Wants Leaders & Workers To Speak To People In Their Language

By G. S. KALYANPUR

At the age of seventy-six, Mahatma Gandhi has settled down to a serious study of the script of those Indian languages of which he had no knowledge in the past.

When the "course" which includes a minimum vocabulary is completed, he will be able to read and write in all the thirteen Indian languages—Sindhi, Marathi, Telugu, Tamil, Malayalam, Kannada, Oriya, Bengali, Assamese, Gujarati, Punjabi Nagri and Persian.

TRAVELLING CHART

A large-sized oblong chart with printed script of the languages travels with Gandhiji whenever he moves out of Sevagram. The chart is in front of him all the time—propped up against the wall. The alphabets are arranged in rows, the first row being the consonants, the second being the vowels and the third being the vowel symbols. The chart seems to have been printed by an educational institution in North India.

Gandhiji was already conversant with the Tamil script which he had learnt in South Africa. He has been giving his autograph in Tamil. In fact he has been charging a concession rate of Rs. 10 instead of the usual Rs. 15 whenever an autograph-hunter wanted him to sign in three Indian languages including Tamil simultaneously.

PLEASANT SURPRISE

But Gandhiji is not content with the knowledge of only one South Indian script. He made a request last week-end to Mr. M. Satyanarayana, General Secretary of the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha of Madras, for a printed chart of the four scripts of the South Indian languages along with a limited vocabulary which would help him in his study. Gandhiji sprung a pleasant surprise on Mr. Satyanarayana when the latter called on him at Poona. A letter written by Gandhiji in Hindi to Smt. Ambujammal, daughter of the late Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar, was waiting to be posted. Gandhiji took a blank envelope, enclosed the letter and scribbled a Tamil scrawl. It was Smt. Ambujammal's address completely transcribed in Tamil.

HIS PLAN.

There is a plan behind the study of the oblong chart which has become a permanent part of Gandhiji's personal luggage. He wants to study the language of the masses in each province so that he could feel one with them, study them through their language and speak to them in a tongue which is theirs.

Gandhiji seems to want the national leaders and workers to follow up and study the scripts. His own "course" includes even the Roman script. He feels that while no Indian can do without the national language, Hindustani, no worker moving among the Indian masses can do without a working knowledge of all the scripts.

Gandhiji planned to set the example at seventy-six to all those who feel that man cannot study beyond a certain age. He has already made remarkable progress. He has set his heart on completing the "course" and securing a pass degree.

Friday's issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" will contain an article exclusively contributed to this paper by Husain Abdul Fateh, Editor of "Al-Misri", Cairo, on Egypt's Arabic Press, which is now ahead of the Press of any other Middle East country.

GREEK CABINET RESIGNS

ATHENS, Oct. 9. (A.P.A.): The cabinet of Premier Voulgaris resigned to-day.

Meanwhile, the Greek Liberal Party's statement threatening to boycott the elections is causing strong reaction in the liberal ranks and several prominent liberals including former cabinet ministers told the Associated Press of America that they openly condemned the action proposed.

Iranians Perturbed

LONDON, Oct. 9 (U.P.I.): There is growing apprehension among Iranian observers that the failure of the Foreign Ministers' Conference will indefinitely postpone Allied and particularly Russian evacuation of Persia.

Satara Suspects Arrested

POONA, October 8 (A.P.I.)—Mr. D. G. Pawar, said to be an underground worker from Satara wanted by the police since August 1942, was arrested here today when the police raided a house early this morning.

Mr. Joshi, a teacher from Satara, also alleged to be connected with the underground movement, and two students, were arrested along with Mr. Pawar. The students were released later.

CASE AGAINST MR. TEESDALE TRANSFERRED

BENARES, October 8, (A.P.I.): In the case against Mr. Teesdale, a police inspector, connected with dragging of three undertrials, the District Magistrate recorded today the statement of the complainant Mr. Mohan Pyare, a member of the District Congress Committee, the District Magistrate called for the Civil Surgeon's report about the injuries on the bodies of the victims of the incident.

The case has been transferred to the court of the Additional District Magistrate and October 10 has been fixed for the next hearing

DERAILMENT ON S. I. RAILWAY

MADRAS, Oct. 9 (A.P.I.): Due to the derailment of the wagons of a goods train yesterday afternoon between Jalarpet and Salem stations on the South Indian Railway, passengers by the Blue Mountain Express and the Malabar Express trains which left Madras Central last evening will be transhipped near the scene of accident.

A breakdown special has proceeded to the spot and the obstruction is expected to be cleared by tomorrow evening. Passengers by the incoming trains to Madras will also be transhipped.

U. P. NATIONALIST MUSLIMS LAUNCH ELECTION DRIVE

LUCKNOW, Oct. 9 (A.P.I.): Nationalist Muslims who held a two-day meeting in Lucknow formed a joint Nationalist Muslim Parliamentary Board on Monday.

At a meeting of the Parliamentary Board later the following office-bearers were elected. Mr. Mohammad Ahmad Kazmi (President); Dr. Hammad Farroqi and Mr. Riazuddin (Vice-President); Maulana Shahid Fakhri (Secretary); Mr. Anis Ahmad Abbas and Mr. Abdul Wajid (Joint Secretaries) and Maulvi Bashir Ahmad (Treasurer).

ELECTION DRIVE STARTS

The Nationalist Muslim opened their election campaign in the U. P. with an attack on the British Government as well as on the Muslim League, accusing the former of sowing seeds of disruption among Indians of all communities and the latter of acting as hirelings of the bereaucracy.

Maulana Shahd Fakhri, a prominent leader of the Jamait-ul-Ulema Hind, addressed a public meeting of Muslims in Lucknow last night.

Maulvi Bashir Ahmad, Secretary, All-India Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind, attacked the Pakistan scheme of the Muslim League. He said: "It was a bogey which aimed at protecting the interests of Muslim masses. Maulvi Bashir Ahmad declared that the overwhlming majority of the Muslims of India was against Pakistan.

Mr. Hafizur Rahman, General Secretary, All-India Jamait-ul-Ulema-i-Hind said at the task before the Muslim Nationalists was to drive out the British from India.

A section of the audience shouted pro-Muslim League slogans, denouncing the speakers when the meeting terminated.

FOUR LAKHS FOR U. P. LEAGUE ELECTIONS

MEERUT, Oct. 9 (A.P.I.): The U. P. Muslim League Parliamentary Board met here on Saturday at Mustapha Castle with Nawab Muhammad Ismail Khan in the chair.

Eighteen applications for eight seats were considered and the Board forwarded its recommendations to the Central Parliamentary Board which meets on October 8 for final decision.

The Board sanctioned a budget of Rs. four lakhs.

City Back To Normal

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The situation in Bombay is quiet. No untoward incident was reported from any quarter for the last three days. Police precautions continue though the troops have been with drawn

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK (OCTOBER.)

New York, Oct. 9.

Previous Closing	23.45
To-day's Opening	23.38
Difference	—.05
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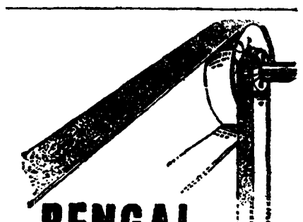

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Bombay Mutual Employees' Strike Called Off

S. K. Patil's Successful Mediation: Workers To Resume Duty Tomorrow

Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary of the B.P.C.C., has successfully mediated in the Bombay Mutual Assurance Society employees strike which has been called off and the workers have decided to resume duty from tomorrow (Thursday).

The strikers wrote to Mr. S. K. Patil agreeing to resume work, firstly, on condition that he secured from the management reinstatement of the three Union officials whose services had been dispensed with, secondly, that the strikers would be paid for the strike days also and, thirdly, that they would be allowed to carry on Union activities.

On Tuesday morning Mr. Patil addressing the strikers on the Bombay Mutual Building terrace in the presence of the manager, Mr. T. C. Kapur, urged for an amicable settlement. He stressed that if the management should fail to accede to his request for reinstatement of the three dismissed Union officials he could assure the strikers that he would have the Congress to fight on their side.

Mr. T. C. Kapur addressing the strikers in the afternoon, said that he, too, was an employee like them and that he had made all efforts to improve the lot of his subordinates.

He further added that he would urge the Board to consider the demands of the strikers favourably.

At a later meeting of the strikers held at Elphinstone Gardens they decided, in view of Mr. Patil's assurance to them, to call off the strike and resume duty from Thursday, October 11. Pending a settlement with the management whom they have asked through the Managing Committee of the Union to arrive at an early decision.

It was also agreed by the workers to resist subtle victimisation of employees by the management by departmental transfer or giving overburdening work and also to secure redress of all their legitimate grievances.

Manager's Statement

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. T. C. Kapur, General Manager, Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society, has issued the following statement:—

In response to the suggestions of some of the policyholders and well-wishers of the Society I have been authorised by the Chairman of the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., Bombay, to issue this statement explaining the main facts pertaining to the strike.

Before my taking charge in April 1944 as Manager of the Society, the Chairman and some of the Directors acquainted me with the situation in the office. I noticed that some of the employees were lax in the matter of discipline and that there was some incompetent and some mischief-mongers who had very little interest in the work. I, however, brought a fresh approach to bear on the matter. With a view to give further incentive for better and more harmonious working I tried my best to liberalise the service conditions.

GRADES REVISED & IMPROVED

Some of the grades were revised and improved and some new grades more liberal than the existing ones were created. Dearness allowance was increased. To the peons and clerks who had been in the service of the Society for more than 4 years a special dearness allowance equal to 1/12th of the salary was sanctioned. To encourage literacy amongst peons a scholarship of Rs. 5 per month was sanctioned for such of the peons who were prosecuting further studies. The Directors sanctioned bonus equal to two months' salary to those employees who had completed one year's service and one month's salary to those who had put in six or more months' service as on 31st December last. Leave rules were also liberalised.

All these improvements, however, did not evoke any response. I noticed that some of the employees made no effort to improve their work and some continued to interfere in the work of other employees. Some actually indulged in committing mistakes intentionally. It was pointed out that such thing will no longer be tolerated. It is a great pity that in spite of the liberalisation of the service condition, the mischief-mongers having realised the position indulged in misleading others and misreporting and misinterpreting even the improvements made in the position of the staff. This was followed by a notice dated 7th June 1945 making demands and another notice dated 27th August 1945 was served on the management threatening direct action including going on strike.

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH

The Chairman addressed the staff on 15th September 1945, and I reproduce below the whole of the written speech delivered by the Chairman:—

"Four employees of the Society sought an interview with me and placed before me some points. The talk that they had with me disclosed that there was no proper appreciation of the steps taken by the management by which term I mean, the Board and the Manager, to improve service regulations and generally improve the benefits available to the staff.

On the contrary, I found that there was misunderstanding and misinterpretation of some of the changes. As some of the points discussed with me are of general importance and applicability I have thought it necessary to address you all together.

LEAVE RULES

Let me first take up the leave rules. The benefits to the employees have been considerably improved.

1. Five days' special casual leave has been added.
2. Instead of 30 days' P. L. for the clerical staff and 25 days P. L. for the menial staff, the employees are allowed, without any distinction, P. L. equal to 1/11th of the period of actual service put in. This increases P. L. by 3 days in the case of clerical staff and 8 days in the case of menial staff.
3. Under the old rules, 30 days P. L. was credited to the Clerical Staff's Account at the end of a year and an employee was given leave only to the extent of the leave at his credit. Now the leave earned is calculated upto the date of the application and as such, leave actually so earned is available to an employee.
4. Under the old rules, the temporary staff was not allowed any leave. Now 2½ days' C. L. and 1½ days, Special C. L. is allowed to them for every quarter of the service put in. Confirmation, unless for reasons of inefficiency or absenting abnormally or other similar reasons, is dated back to the date of joining and the benefits of all types of leaves is given to them from the date of joining.

Can anyone say that these changes have not benefitted the Staff substantially?

It is being said that the rule regarding payment of average salary involves a great hardship and loss to the employee. This rule is like other changes an adoption of the similar provisions in the Fundamental Rules applicable to Government servants. The effect of this rule should be considered along with the other changes and not detached from the benefits given by the rules as a whole. The New Rules have added 8 days in the case of clerical staff and 13 days in the case of Menial Staff. I want to understand whether the rule regarding average pay has nullified the benefits given by other changes. I have given the matter my very careful consideration and I find that loss, if any, to the employees is negligible. For the proper understanding of the effect of this rule, let us analyse the rule in its bearing to normal cases. The only change in salary can, in normal circumstances, be due to grade promotion. The leave may be taken either immediately after the promotion or immediately before the 2nd promotion falls due. In the former case, the rule will reduce the salary by 11/12th of the promotion and in the latter case, by 1/12th of the promotion. The maximum normal loss is therefore 11/12th of a promotion which is considerably less than the benefit of added holidays. You will, I hope, be able to appreciate that this involves no hardship. Considering however the work which the calculation of average salary involved, the Board was quite willing to change this rule but the Board deferred the sanctioning of the change when they came to know that instead of proper appreciation of the benefits, some persons were intentionally creating misunderstand and mischief.

Much is being made of the rule regarding the break in service due to leave without pay. The object underlying the rule is to deal with cases of gross misuse of leave concessions and indiscipline. There never was any intention to make it applicable to cases where leave without pay was taken for 'bona-fide' purposes and in actual practice, it has not been applied. There are employees whom leave without pay even where leave is due, does not prevent from absenting from the office. Are not such cases fit for drastic action being taken against them? I want to make it clear that we will not hesitate to make this rule apply to cases where we are satisfied that such an action is called for. No 'bona-fide' case will be penalised. Apart from the intention of the management not to use it in 'bona-fide' cases, I want to clarify one point. This rule prescribes the maximum penalty that can be imposed in cases where applicable. If the rule is abolished, it will leave the form and extent of punishment to the management. If I was disposed, I would have welcomed the suggestion to abolish it because abolition will make reduction of salary or even dismissal permissible. I would like you to consider the matter and its implications dispassionately and then make your suggestions. The management will, if satisfied, that the consensus of opinion is in favour of abolishing this rule, will certainly willing to drop it.

NEW GRADE

I was surprised when at one stage suggestion was made that the new Senior Assistants' grade may even be abolished. Who can deny that this new grade is not considerably better? Unlike other grades, the number of posts in this grade is not fixed. It will certainly give the Board and the Manager great delight if everyone in the position of Assistants had that grade. But this grade cannot be given and will not be given as a matter of course. It has to be earned by efficient work and interest in the work. The decision regarding promotion has to be made after taking into consideration the recommendations of "Head and Sub-Heads". It cannot be given to any employee directly by the management. In every institution, the management has to be guided in such matters by the recommendations of the officers who have the opportunities of watching the work of the Assistants from day to day. I assure you this practice is being actually followed and will be continued to be followed. If any employee feels that his case has not been given due consideration by his immediate officers he can represent his case to the Manager and you can rest assured that full consideration will be given to the representation by the management.

Cases for promotion to lifters grade are being considered by the officers. The promotions will be given with retrospective effect.

It has been represented to me that some of the holidays that were being given have been cancelled. I cannot help but repeat what I have said above that the benefits available to the employees have to be looked upon as a whole. You cannot compare one concession of one company with another and forget that the concessions are only a part of the whole. Ours is a credit institution and has to be kept at par in the matter of service to policyholders who in our case, are the owners of the Institution. The Directors are mere trustees and have to see that we give to our policyholders the facilities available to them in other similar institutions. The Board after taking into consideration all these factors have decided that we will only observe Bank Holidays.

MISUNDERSTANDING & MISINTERPRETATION

Gentlemen, I have tried to explain as fully as possible that the views that are being expressed regarding certain matters are the outcome of misunderstandings and misinterpretations. I assure you that lack of proper appreciation of the benefits that we give and misunderstandings of our desire to benefit the employees, will not prevent the Management to continue to examine the schemes by which we can improve the position of the employees and where satisfied about the utility, enforce them.

While assuring you of our desire to do all that is possible for your benefit, one must insist on efficient service to the policyholders. Proper discipline must be maintained and there should be no interference by any employee in the work of other employees in his own section or other sections. I have been associated with this Institution for a long time and am fully aware of the fact that there are certain employees who have interest in the work, who have no sense of responsibility. There are persons who are inefficient. There are persons who create difficulties and do not hesitate to spread false and mischievous rumours. Unfortunately we have tolerated such persons so far. The Board is not going to tolerate such attitude and activities no more. We will watch them and will not hesitate to take drastic action if it becomes necessary.

Gentlemen, I thank you and dissolve the meeting.

Special promotions and promotions to the senior assistants' grade were given liberally. 55 employees were promoted to the new senior assistants' grade and 12 peons were given lifters' grade. Out of those employees who had put in more than 5 years' service only 20 remain in the lower grade and their cases are still under consideration for promotion to the senior assistants' grade. 26 employees were given double promotion and 10 employees have been given promotions even higher than double promotion.

LIBERAL SERVICE CONDITIONS

After the Chairman's address to the staff, the services of six employees have been terminated, including those three who are said to be connected with the Union. While considering the cases for termination of services, the fact that these three employees or any other employee were or was connected with the Union did not weigh with the Directors at all. This will be amply borne out by the fact that even after the threat to go on strike had been given the Chairman had explained the position of the Society to them, some of the employees who were not only active members of the Union but were even members of their committee were given higher grades.

From the above facts, it would be clear that the service conditions and the treatment meted out to the employees were very liberal and would compare favourably with the facilities which were available in any other commercial house and that there was no victimisation. We sympathise with the honest and hard working but misguided employees. Our sympathy is, however, cannot be allowed to stand in the way of the Directors to carry on with the work of the Society. If the old employees insist on remaining away new staff has to be employed and every effort has to be made to restore normal conditions in the office. We assure the policyholders that efficient service will be maintained I take this opportunity to thank those workers and policyholders who have offered their help to work in the office till normal conditions are restored.

LONDON, October 8. (Reuter): The great part Indian women will play in assisting India to independence and afterwards was stressed by Mrs. Casey, wife of Mr R. G. Casey, Governor of Bengal, in an interview today.

(Application has been made to the Calcutta Stock-Exchange for inclusion of the Shares of the Company in their official quotation list).

THIS IS AN ANNOUNCEMENT ONLY AND NOT A PROSPECTUS

"Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to the issue of capital subject to the condition that so much of the capital as cannot in the Government's judgment be properly expended until some uncertain future date is invested and kept invested in prescribed securities which will not be released until the Central Government (in consultation with the Crown Representative, if any, Indian State interests are involved) is satisfied that the time has come to make corresponding payments for the purpose which are consistent with the enforcement of any measures of control or restriction that may be in operation at the time when such release is applied for. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them."

TIME PICTURES LTD.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, 1913, as a Public Limited Company).

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 25,00,000

(Divided into 4000 (6½% Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100 - each; 2,00,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each & 20,000 Deferred shares of Rs. 5/- each.)

The Preference shares carry the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend @ 6½% per annum, free from Income tax, on the capital for the time being paid-up thereon and shall rank both as regards such dividends and as to repayment of capital of the Company, but shall not carry any further right to participate in the profits and assets of the Company.

ISSUED CAPITAL .. .. .. Rs. 24.00.000/-

(The whole of Preference & Ordinary Shares only).

Preference shares are payable as Rs. 25/- with application, Rs. 25/- on allotment and the balance as and when called by the Directors. Ordinary shares are payable as: Rs. 1/- with application, Rs. 3/- on allotment and the balance in one or more calls as may be decided by the Directors and in case of more than one call with an interval of one month between each call.

The Managing Agents, Directors and their friends have agreed to take up 500 Preference shares and 45,000 Ordinary shares of the aggregate nominal value of Rs. 5,00,000/-. The balance of the Preference & Ordinary shares is now offered to the Public for subscription.

DIRECTORS

N. C. CHUNDER, Esqr., 23, Wellington Street, Calcutta, Solicitor, Director, Mahalakshmi Cotton Mills Ltd., Calcutta Commercial Bank Ltd., National Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Dehri Oil Refineries Ltd., Mahabir Insurance Co., Ltd., Mymensing Electric Supply Co., Ltd., etc., etc.

RAGHUNATH DUTTA, Esqr., 33/2, Beadon Street, Calcutta, Founder, Sree Durga Cotton & Weaving Mills Ltd., Member, Advisory Board, B. N. Railway, Managing Director, Bholanath Dutta & Sons Ltd., Director, Hoogly Ink Co., Ltd., Standard Stationery Mfrs., Ltd., etc., etc.

DEBESH CHANDRA GHOSH, Esqr. 18, Ballygunge Place, Calcutta, Member, Tea Market Expansion Board, Calcutta Port Trust, Director, Gopalpur Tea Co., Ltd., Bijoynagar Tea Co., Ltd., Malhoti Tea Syndicate, Kadambini Tea Co., Ltd., etc., etc.

H. K. GHOSE, Esqr., Allahabad, General Manager, Indian Press Ltd., Managing Director, Sitalpur Sugar Works Ltd., Scientific Instrument Co., Ltd., Director, Adarsha Bima Co., Ltd., etc., etc.

S. C. DUTTA, Esqr., E-3, Clive Buildings, Calcutta, Member, Indian Tea Licensing Committee, Director, New Standard Bank Ltd., Mahaluxmi Bank Ltd., East India Insurance Co., Ltd., Bloomfield Tea Co., Ltd., Rangaroon Tea Co., Ltd., Huplong Cherra Tea Co., Ltd., Cine Corporation of India Ltd., etc., etc.

HRISHIKESH MOOKERJEE, Esqr., 158-A, Vivekananda Road, Calcutta, Director-in-charge, Girish Bank Ltd., Director, Dantmari Tea Co., Ltd., etc., etc.

SUKUMAR BHATTACHERJEE, Esqr., 653, Circular Road, Santragachi, Howrah, Proprietor, B. & S. Co., Director, Girish Bank Ltd., etc., etc. (Ex-officio).

A. C. DUTTA, Esqr., 10, Clive Row, Calcutta, Proprietor, Jadavpur Soap Works, Director, Metal Corporation of India Ltd., Natural Science (India) Ltd., Eastern Smelting & Refinery Co., Ltd., Assam Mining Corporation Ltd., etc., etc.

B. K. NANDY, Esq., 21-A, Canning Street, Calcutta, Banker & Gunny Broker.

S. S. BHATTACHARJEE, Esqr., 84-A, Clive Street, Calcutta, Director, The Calcutta Provident Insurance Co., Ltd.

S. K. CHOUDHURI, Esqr., 134/3A, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, Merchant.

TECHNICAL ADVISER

MURALIDHAR CHATTERJEE, Esqr., 87, Dharramtola Street, Calcutta, Proprietor, M. P. Production, Riten & Co., etc., etc.

MANAGING AGENTS

Messrs. THE EDUCATIONAL TRUSTS,
10, Clive Row, Calcutta.

BANKERS

HINDUSTHAN MERCANTILE BANK LTD.,
COMILLA BANKING CORPORATION LTD.,
GIRISH BANK LTD.,
DARJEELING BANK LTD.,
SYLHET INDUSTRIAL BANK LTD.

AUDITORS

Messrs. ROY & BAGCHI
Registered Accountants,
8/2, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

SOLICITORS

Messrs. G. C. CHUNDER & CO.,
6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.
Mr. SUKUMAR BOSE,
6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.

REGISTERED OFFICE

10, Clive Row, Calcutta.
Gram: NEWSREEL.

BROKERS

Messrs. BAGLA & CO.,
7, Lyons Range, Calcutta.
Messrs. MOHANLAL RAMANICKLAL, 9, Lyons Range, Calcutta.

AIMS & PROSPECTS

The Company has been formed generally for the objects specified in the Memorandum of Association to carry on the business of Cinematograph trade and industry, both silent and talkie, and specially to manufacture and deal in educational films, commercial, agricultural pictures and publicity, news, sports, propaganda pictures and very high class dramas on social, historical, and other backgrounds with a view to mould the character of the nation as well as to carry and undertake the business of producers, exhibitors and distributors of Cinema films, both talkie and silent, Photo Plates and accessories.

The rapid growth and expansion of film industry among the progressive countries of the world is a stale tale that need hardly be repeated to-day. It is a common place of scientific educational technique that a picture in the film sense, featuring general knowledge and social and civic ideals is many times more impressive and educative than mere language and vocabulary. In reading a book with eyes and ears open, word images are carried through sound-symbols to their respective association-centres, and an ill-developed brain is likely to miss their import all at once except through long practice, whereas talkie films embody both visual images and sound expressed into action, direct and simultaneous, and relieve the brain of extra strain and energy; that is why talkie films are gaining ground daily in human interests socially, economically and financially.

The statistical position of films in our country is evidenced by only 50 studios in operation, 150 film-producing concerns, and only 1,700 permanent Cinema Theatres, presents an extremely gloomy spectacles, compared with that of other progressive nations of the world. Every right-thinking Indian considers it an imperative necessity to flood the land with films, studios and Cinema houses, the sole national media and institutions of culture, democracy and wealth. The meagre production of really good films by our Indian concerns has been a stupendous hindrance to the development of national sentiment and economy. In other countries the State identifies its interest with that of the people, and naturally, helps to build such institutions to uphold and disseminate National Welfare Service through films, whereas India unfortunately lags far behind them in such reconstructive measures.

To come to its all important financial aspect, it would be enough to quote the figures of Bombay Talkies Ltd., that with a paid-up capital of only Rs. 6.00.000 approximately, the Company yielded profits to the extent of nearly 1.50.000 approximately in 1944, and strangely enough, one of their recent pictures paid as much as Rs. 20.00.000. With the cessation of the grim global war the Indians who joined the Forces are coming back home much more enlightend from foreign shores into the midst of those here, who are growing more and more film-minded and developing greater cultural consciousness daily. It is evident, therefore, that Indian film industry will thrive and expand enormously and yield fat dividends to those co-operating in share-investments.

The Company has already completed negotiation for the purchase of three films with sole right of distribution in the Bengal Circuit. The Company desires to commence producing pictures as soon as permission is obtained from the Central Government or at the withdrawal of the control, whichever is earlier. The Company also desires to possess its own show houses for exhibition of films and are already negotiating to that end. The Company has completed negotiation to purchase 20 Bighas of land in the suburbs of Calcutta for erecting its own Studio.

The Company is fortunate in having a brilliant Directorate composed of well-known persons of the place, who have a long and varied experience of the Commercial World and possess a wellinformed outlook and knowledge of their particular undertaking and are quite confident of the great possibilities of their enterprise. Moreover, the technical efficiency of the Company is bound to be strengthened many times more by the ungrudging support and assistance of such a powerful technical expert as Mr. Muralidhar Chatterjee a well-known film magnate of wide and long standing repute. The partners of the Managing Agency firm also are well-known business men of tested abilities with high rational ideals and aspirations.

It is a fair conclusion, therefore, that such a Managing Agency backed and guided by such a brilliant Directorate shall in no time be in the assured position to declare handsome dividends to its shareholders.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

Preliminary expenses including registration fee and printing charges and other incidental expenses but exclusive of brokerage are estimated at Rs. 10,000.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION

The qualification of a Director, other than the ex-officio Directors shall be the holding of shares in his own name alone and not jointly with any other persons the aggregate nominal value of Rs. 5,000.

The remuneration of every Director shall be Rs. 25 for every meeting attended by him.

INSPECTION OF AGREEMENT

The draft agreement between the Company and the Managing Agents and other documents may be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company during office hours.

MEMORANDUM & ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION, PROSPECTUS AND APPLICATION FORM OF SHARE.

Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association can be obtained on payment of Re. 1 each and copies of Prospectus and application forms for shares are obtainable from the Registered Office of the Company or from the Brokers and Bankers mentioned above.

COMMISSION FOR SELLING SHARES

Commission for selling shares shall not exceed 5 per cent on Preference shares and 10 per cent on Ordinary shares.

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on 18 April, 2017

QUIET!
IT IS LOVE !

23RD WEEK OF A
FAMOUS RELEASE

Laila Majnu

CENTRAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10; Matinees on Sun. Holidays at 1-0
Plans open 10 to 12, 3 to 6

NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. & Holidays
Plans open 10 to 12
6TH WEEK

CHHAMIA
PROTIMA Produced Directed DASGUPTA

IS LOVE A MIRAGE—
A girl will reply in.....
Wadia's Romantic Social

PIYA MILAN

Director: S. M. YUSUF
MOTILAL, NIRMALA
A J. B. H. Wadia Production
Daily: 4 & 7—3RD BIG WEEK
KRISHNA
DUBASH THEATRE

3RD WEEK OF LAUGHS!
CHAND TARA
CHARLIE & SWARNALATA
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p. m.
CAPITOL

From NEXT FRIDAY
12-10-45
Daily:3, 6.30 & 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun., Holiday 1 p.m.
At Theatre Magnificent
CITY LIGHT
B. B. MATUNGA
First run in Bombay (North)
ROMANTIC THRILL
Complete Serial In Each Show
TIGER WOMAN
One has to see her to love her

HE CAME TO EXPOSE HER.....
BUT HE WAS DAZZLED BY HER.
UNITED FILMS' GRAND SOCIAL
BHAIJAN
Director: S. KHALIL
NURJEHAN, SHAH NAWAZ
Daily: 4, 7, 10
4TH GREAT WEEK
IMPERIAL
DIAMOND Release

FROM TO-MORROW
THURSDAY—11TH, OCT.,
India's Unrivalled Director
BARUA
Takes you into an Enchanting Realm in His latest Hit!
Subah-Sham
Director-Photography: BARUA
Music: S. C. DASGUPTA
Starring:
BARUA, JAMUNA, INDUMUKERJEE, DEVBALA
NOVELTY
(A HAPPY GOODWIN Release)
Plans open from to-day 10-30 to 12, 4-30 to 6

16TH WEEK
PRAKASH'S
HISTORICAL EPIC
VIKRAMADITYA
Direction: VIJAY BHATT
Starring: PRITHVIRAJ, PREM ADIB, PENDHARKAR, RATNAMALA
Mat. at 1 on Sun.
Plans open
Daily: 4, 7, 10
(EVERGREEN Release)

4TH, HAPPY WEEK
VILLAGE GIRL
Durga Khote, Nurjehan, Nazir
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun. 1-15 p. m.
Plans open
LAMINGTON

"Ofcourse you've heard about NOVUM - but HAVE YOU TRIED IT?"

BEFORE you spend your time in needless worry, over difficult days and fear of delays, why not try Novum. A high-grade ethical product with an open formula. Recommended by doctors and nurses. Complete relief. Quick sure and effective.

Made in 3 strengths.
Price per container of 21 capsules of ordinary strength of NOVUM, Rs. 12-8-0; per container of 63 tablets, of strong NOVUM (Forte) tablets, Rs. 21-0-0; price per container of 21 red capsules, special extra strong strength, Rs 50-0-0.

Also available in "special injection form" for advanced and unyielding cases of female complaints.

Take 'Novum' at the first sign of delay—and see how comfortably you sail through your difficult days!

Available at all drug stores.
ASK FOR OUR FREE CIRCULAR describing a few of our outstanding products and our "Free Medical Advice Department":

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A Product of
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P. O. Box No. 323 (B.C.),
Opp. Lloyds Bank, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Phone: 24207.
Stockist:
P. M. ZAVERI & CO.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY

FRIDAY 12TH SAT. 13TH
SUNDAY 14TH 9.30 A. M.
PRITHVI THEATRES
Humbly Present
DEEWAR
RATES AS USUAL—
Plans open Book early
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

5TH HAPPY WEEK
TARAMATI
Directed by: RAJA NENE
Daily: 3-30, & 6.30 p. m.
Plans Open ROXY

THIS EXPERIENCED 'HAND' KNOWS

the Latest Formula
WOOD+ASCU=STEEL

Invented at the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, and used by the Indian Government on a large scale.

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Ascu-K-9

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Asoe Shud 4, 2001.
Muslim Zilkad 3, 1364.
Parsi: Ardibehest 7, 1315.
Sunrise: 7-31 A.M., Sunset: 7-20 P.M.
Hightide: 3-04, 14-44; Lowtide 8-45, 20-47.

To-day's Engagements

SHRI RAMACHANDRA BHAJANA SAMAJ, DADAR: Navarathri celebrations—Bhagavati Sevai in the evening and Music (Vocal) by Mr. Sankaranarayanan from 10 to 12 p.m

MAZDAZNAN: Special lecture on 'Ideal Life of Dadabhoy Navroji and How we May be Inspired by It", by Miss Frenny C. Sethna at 6-15 p.m. to-day at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain. Question and Answer Meeting with short talk on "What is Theosophy" 6-15 p.m. today.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' CONGRESS: A meeting of the workers of the B.S.C. will be held in the office (42, Kennedy Bridge), at 7 p.m. to-day to consider the vacation programme for students of the city.

G.I.P. RAILWAYMEN'S UNION: Meeting to explain to workers the decision of the Railwaymen's Federation in the matter of impending retrenchment and other demands to-day (Wednesday), opposite Time Office, Parel Workshop, at 7 p.m.

GOA CONGRESS COMMITTEE: The last date fixed by Government for sending applications for registration in the electoral roll is fast approaching. We appeal to all Goans in general and Christians in particular who possess the prescribed qualification to lose no time in "getting on the roll". Any Goan requiring any information or assistance in this connection may please call at our office at 35, Hamam St., Fort, or ring up No. 30483 any time between 3 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. on week days.

FILM ARTISTES' ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

At an emergency meeting of the Executive Committee of the Film Artistes' Association of India, the following resolution was passed:

"The Film Artistes' Association of India, sympathising with the families of the members of the Indian National Army, issues an appeal to all the artistes to contribute their mite towards the Bombay Mayor's Fund for the Relief of the aggrieved families of the members of the Indian National Army."

BOMBAY STUDENTS' ORGANISATION: At a meeting of the members of the Bombay Students' Union (Nationalist) the name of the organisation was changed to Bombay Students' Congress. Mr. Prahlad Mehta, Mr. Dhiren Rupari and Mr. K. Swadia were elected its Secretaries.

Secretaries of the Bombay Students' Congress write:—

Thousands of students will have a long vacation after their examination. It is hardly necessary to emphasise that during this period students can render a great service to our city by applying themselves to some useful constructive work for the service of the masses.

The Bombay Students' Congress has decided to mobilize our young men and women for such constructive work through the following scheme:—

1. Study circles by prominent Congressmen. Debates, symposiums and lectures for intellectual training.
2. Training classes for those interested in Harijan uplift and learning Hindustani.
3. A mass Literacy Campaign in the city.
4. A high school students camp where Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. Ashok Mehta, Mr. P. V. Gadgil and others will address students.
5. Batches of students will be sent to villages.

ALL-INDIA HINDU STUDENTS' FEDERATION: A request has been made to all the Hindu students to give fullest support to the suggestion of the All-India Students' Congress to observe 15th October, 1945 as "Quit Asia Day", by Mr. V. B. Kale, Gen. Secy. All-India Hindu Students' Federation.

S. Chandra Dead

Mr. S. Chandra, Proprietor of "Bengal Lodge," the Honorary Treasurer and one of the main Sponsors of Bombay South. Durga Puja died prematurely on Friday the 5th inst., in St. George's Hospital. He was very social and popular has left a minor son his wife and a host of friends to mourn his loss.

Due to this sad demise all entertainments in Bombay South. Durga Puja have been totally cancelled, only the Puja will be celebroated.

Haffkine And Penicillin Control

For the purpose of the Penicillin Control Order, 1945, the Government of Bombay has declared the Haffkine Institute, Bombay, to be an approved laboratory at which samples of penicillin are to be tested. It has invested the Director of the Institute and the Assistant Director and Assistant Chemists of its Pharmacology Department with authority to inspect premises where penicillin is made, stocked and sold and to take samples for tests for conformity with the standards laid down in the Control Order.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 10.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 KC/S)—8.0 a.m. News (E). 8.10 News (E). 8.30 V. A. Kagalkar. 8.45 Violin. 8.50 News (M). 9.0 News (G.). 9.10 To-morrow. 9.15 Sardar Mansoor. 9.30 Variety. 9.45 Bhaswat R. Gavali.

12.30 p.m. Songs (G). 12.45 News (M). 12.50 News (G). 12.55 News (H). 1.0 Variety. 1.30 News (E). 1.40 Lunch Hour Music. 2.30 Break for Lunch. 4.20 School Broadcast (G). 5.0 Balasaheb Dandekar. 5.15 Alladiya Khan. 5.35 Sardar Mansoor. 5.45 Topical Talk. 5.55 Locals. 6.0 Roshanara Begum. 6.30 News (E). 6.40 News (H). 6.45 Balasaheb Dandekar. 7.0 Anokhe Roznamche. 7.15 Alladiya Khan. 7.30 Marathi Programme (B. B. C.). 8.0 Music from Film. 8.15 News (M). 8.30 News (G). 8.45 Kritanek Namaskar. 8.55 String Music. 9.0 News (H). 9.20 News (E). 9.30 B. B. C. News 9.40 Clarionet Solo. 9.45 Signs and Symbols. 10.0 AIR Orchestra. 10.15 Gunial Desai and Party. 10.30 Roshanara Begam.

GRACIE FIELDS.

E.N.S.A. has achieved one of its greatest triumphs in the Far East in arranging for the benefit of the Services the personal appearance of GRACIE FIELDS world famed comedienne and star. She is touring India and S.E.A.C. being accompanied by her husband, MONTY BANKS, and supporting cast. Her tour will include: Madras, Ceylon, Bombay, Deolali and Karachi.

She has already visited Singapore, Rangoon and Calcutta, and hopes later to visit forces in the Middle East.

Mr. D. A. Gomes, a prominent member of the East Indian Community of South Salsette who has been recently elected President of the Kurla Borough Municipality. He has been a sitting councillor for the last twelve years.

Central Assembly Election

(Issued From Congress House)

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee invites nominations from intending candidates for "the two seats in the Bombay City (Non-Muhammedan) Constituency (urban) of the Central Legislative Assembly. The nominations on the prescribed form, which can be had from the Congress House, must reach the office of the B.P.C.C. before 6 p.m. on Sunday, October 14.

Municipal By-Election

(Issued from Congress Houes.)

Mr. V. B. Korgaonkar, a member of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, has been duly selected by the B.P.C.C. as the Congress candidate for the Municipal by-election in Parel (Ward No. 14) Constituency for the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. B. G. Parelkar. The Municipal voters in this Constituency are hereby requested to obey Congress instructions and vote for Mr. V. B. Korgaonkar.

Purshottam Tricumdas' Application

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An urgent meeting of the Bombay Bar Association was held today at 5 p.m. when it is understood that it was resolved to take all possible steps to assist Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas in his 'Habeas Corpus' Petition. It is learnt that a Commmittee consisting of Messrs. M. C. Setalvad, D. B. Desai and Baptista was appointed for the purpose.

Permanent Commissions In The R. I. N.

Six candidates have been declared successful—subject to their being found medically fit—in the open competitive examination held by the Federal Public Service Commission in August for appointments to the permanent officer cadre of the Royal Indian Navy. They are:

Mr. Jagdish Chandra Pathak (College of Science, Allahabad); Mr. Lakshmi Narain Khanna (I.M.M.T.S. Dufferin and Hindu College, Delhi); Mr. Krishan Chandar (Foreman Christian College, Lahore); Mr. Mahendra Nath Mulla (Government College, Allahabad); Mr. Rameshwar Lal Rikhye (Government College, Lahore); Mr. Francis James Victor de Menezes (St. Xavier's College, Calcutta).

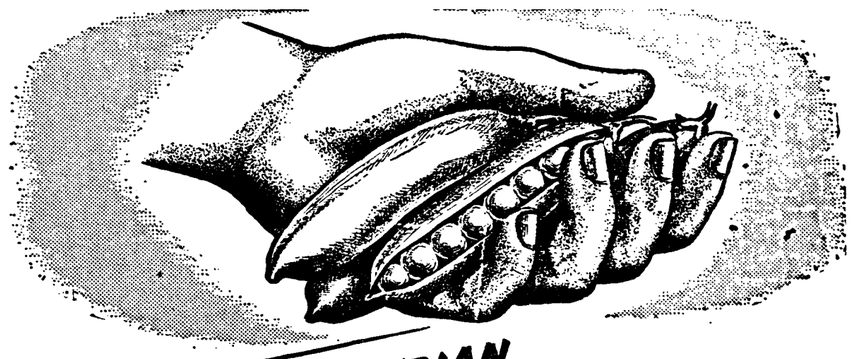
30 MONTHS' R.I. FOR HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Ibrahim Hussein (26), a Wire Cage Contractor has been arrested by the Pydhoni Police Station on a charge of house-breaking and theft. It was stated by S.-I. Chavan that the accused broke open the shop of the complainant, Ratansi Dewraj, which is situated at Ali Umer Street, in the Pydhoni jurisdiction, in the early hours of the 2nd instant when he was apprehended by the constables on duty. The accused jumped out from the shop when he saw the constables approching but was caught. In his attempt to escape he hit one of the constables on the head.

The defence of the accused was that he was not in the shop of the complainant but was on the third floor of the building visiting one of his acquaintances. On Mr. S. A. Mehta, Police Prosecutor, pressing for a deterrent sentence, Mr. Reginald Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon Police Court, sentenced the accused to undergo two years', and six months' R.I.

TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED
MODI BISCUIT COMPANY, MODINAGAR, BEGAMABAD. (U.P.)
MANAGING DIRECTOR :- RAI BAHADUR SETH G.M.MODI
AB 7 RANJIT



FOR THE VEGETARIAN AND NON-VEGETARIAN

THE majority of the peoples of India are vegetarians. Vegetarians lack the body-building protein that non-vegetarians get from meat and fish. It is not easy for them to balance their diet, and here the pea comes to their aid.

This is so because the pea in relation to most foods contains little water. It is crammed with protein and carbohydrate, with a sufficiency of fat. Because it is such a pleasant and nourishing food the pea is widely eaten by non-vegetarians too. Peas are very easy to grow. The soil can range from light sandy loam to heavy clays, but water-logging must be avoided. The yield is about 120 maunds per acre.

In the interest of the nation's health, this food should be extensively cultivated. But it cannot benefit the producer nor reach the consumer unless GOOD ROADS are built to bring it in to Market.

INSERTED BY BURMAH-SHELL TO PROMOTE MORE ROADS & BETTER CROPS

GOOD ROADS ARE AVENUES TO PROSPERITY

NESTLE'S MALTED MILK has added Vitamin 'B' to give you RADIANT HEALTH

Get that glow of health and vigour by increasing your intake of Vitamin 'B'. Drink Nestle's Malted Milk, which now contains more of this vital vitamin.

FOR PERFECT HEALTH YOU NEED THIS ALL-IMPORTANT VITAMIN EVERY DAY

The body cannot store Vitamin 'B' which must be renewed daily. Lack of Vitamin 'B' results in loss of weight, vigour and growth; indigestion, constipation, colitis and serious nerve disorders. Make sure of your Vitamin 'B' ration by drinking two glassfuls of delicious Nestlé's Malted Milk every day.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 9. (A.P.I.)

The following is the weather chart as recorded at 9 a. m. today:

Ahmedabad 99 77 0 38.7 plus 7.9 Ahmednagar 90 75 0 14.4 minus 6.8 Amraoti 93 70 0 33.3 plus 2.1 Aurangabad 91 71 0 20.4 minus 5.2 Baroda 97 75 0 53.1 Nil Belgaum 88 75 0 41.7 minus 4.5 Bhopal 93 71 0 43.4 minus 6.8 BOMBAY 91 77 0 36.9 plus 17.8 Cheerapunji 70 60 0.1 380.1 minus 30.7 New Delhi 96 67 0 28.8 plus 3.5 Gulbarga 95 64 0 19.4 minus 6.8 Honavar 87 73 0 132.0 Nil Hyderabad (Dn) 93 66 0 25.5 minus 0.9 Indore 91 67 0 38.7 plus 5.5 Khandwa 96 71 9 23.8 minus 5.2 Mahableshwar 80 64 0 248.5 minus 7.7 Palghat 91 68 1.2 60.5 Nil Poona 93 74 0.1 22.0 minus 1.2 Raichur 93 74 0 22.0 plus 0.1 Rajkot 85 71 0 40.8 plus 16.6 Ratnagiri 90 75 0 92.5 minus 6.0 Sholapur 95 74 0 14.6 minus 9.0 Surat 98 79 0 68.9 plus 28.5

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"Modern civilisation must recognise that if it has to survive, it must replace hatred by love, exploitation by service, domination by cooperation, right by duty, acquisition by renunciation, coercion by consent, enforced obedience by self imposed discipline and imposed submission by voluntary surrender. Mahatma Gandhi has placed before the world a new philosophy, a new technique and a new programme of action. It is not a passive acceptance, but a dynamic challenge."

—BABU RAJENDRA PRASAD, in preface to Mr. Y. G. Krishnamurti's book, "Back to Sanity".

The Bombay Chronicle

INDIAN BASTILLES

Some days ago we published reports of the atrocious treatment meted out to Mr. Dwijendra Bose, nephew of the late Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, in the Lahore Fort. Mr. Dwijendra stated among other things how he was so handcuffed and chained that he was unable to sleep for weeks and how fists were used to make him remain awake. He described the Fort as "hell on earth", and Maulana Munir-uz-Zaman Islamabadi, the seventy year old Deputy Leader of the Krishak Proja Party of Bengal, who, too, had experience of the horrors of the Fort, calls it the "Belsen Camp of India" where political prisoners are subjected to "inhuman torture and oppression to bring out something from them". We have now before us a fuller report of the third degree methods adopted in the Fort. Dr Dhiv Nandan Rishi, a medical officer in a dispensary of the Lahore Corporation, who was kept in the Fort for two months, says in a public statement how he "was not allowed to sleep for a continuous period of three days and nights" and how for 84 hours he was "forced to keep his eyes open". Is it any wonder if one is forcibly reminded of the Bastille of France of the pre-Revolution days and of Nazi and Japanese prison camps of our own day?

The Lahore Fort does not seem to be the only den of frightfulness in the country. The Red Fort of Delhi is another to judge from the statement issued by Mr. Sheelbhadra Yajee, M.L.A., Bihar, Vice-President, All-India Forward Bloc who was detained there for about four months. These months, he says, he spent in solitary confinement in a small cell ten feet square, and infested by bugs, cockroaches, scorpions, rats and even snakes. "To keep away from the insects", he says: "I kept going round and round the cell and for days I knew no sleep.....I was abused and beaten". The officers, he adds, "bumped on me every day and tried to extort information of their own imagination from my benumbed brain". He was removed from the Fort only after he had become a physical wreck, and he now says: "I do not know how I survived the torture of a living hell". It appears that there were in the Fort about a hundred I.N.A. men. About these Mr. Yajee says: "They were made to do menial work such as scavenging and cleaning the latrines. Many of them were belaboured and some had heads and limbs injured. Many of them went insane". One wonders how many more such dungeons there are in the country and how many their victims. They should not go unnoticed by the country and the world. Dr. Rishi has appealed to the Congress President to appoint an impartial Commission to investigate the treatment given to politicals kept in the Lahore Fort. There is certainly need for an inquiry by the Congress and it need not be confined to the Lahore Fort.

It is intriguing to learn from Dr. Rishi that the Inspector-General of Prisons has no jurisdiction over the Lahore Fort, that even the police who are in charge of judicial lockups have no access to the inside of the Fort, and that "it is only the affair of the Special Branch of the Punjab C.I.D., assisted by the Intelligence Bureau of th Government of India". If neither the Inspector-General of Prisons 'nor' the Chief of the Police has control over the Fort, the position we think, is unlawful. It is beyond doubt grossly unjust. Once a Law Court or Government decides to keep a man as prisoner, he must be under the charge of the Inspector-General of Prisons. It is up to the Governme ts concerned to inquire both into administration of the Forts at Lahore and Delhi and the allegations made by the released prisoners. Moreover, there are numerous political prisoners who are still not released though they were not given any trial. Addressing a press conference at Lahore, President Azad pertinently remarked that, if even on the eve of elections the remaining prisoners are not released, "it can have only one meaning, that is that the election field is limited to certain political parties and thus they are debarred from being effective candidates". The prisoners cannot help their parties either as candidates or general workers. Is that what Government intends? It is a cruel joke to do things unforgettable and unforgivable and at the same time preach the gospel of forget and forgive".

"Double Tenth".

"Double Tenth", which the people of China will celebrate today, is the greatest day in the modern history of that country. For, it is the anniversary of the founding by Dr. Sun Yat-Sen of a Republic based on a United China. Sun Yat-Sen gave his country and people the famous Three Principles as guide to national life and conduct, namely, Nationalism, Democracy and People's Livelihood. Together they constitute the essence of true and genuine democracy. China's recent past had been a chaos of internecine conflicts, corruption and exploitation of the Chinese poor by the Chinese rich and of the whole Chinese people by the "civilised" West. When Sun Yat-Sen founded the Republic of United China and promulgated those Three Principles he put his people on the right road to their true destiny.

Since then much has happened. The road has been nothing if not difficult and full of obstacles making progress pathetically slow. China witnessed a strange and disastrous civil war between brothers owing allegiance to the same great leader and the same great ideal. She was rent in body and mind. And in that plight she found herself one day faced with the gravest challenge to her very existence, the brutal and unprovoked assault by Japan. It is the greatest glory of China that she stood up to the aggressor for nearly ten years almost unarmed, bloody but unbowed. That challenge has been successfully met. And this year's "Double Tenth" sees the aggressor laid low and China triumphant. But the road to destiny still remains difficult, with a great obstacle yet challenging that country and its peoples. China remains divided against herself. Efforts, however, are being made to capture the unity that has so far eluded the country. To-day is to be issued a communique on the Chiang-Mau negotiations which have yet to achieve the full consummation of a people's longing. Some progress has, however, been made. And on this auspicious day it will be the earnest hope and prayer of every well-wisher of China to witness soon the emergence of a great and ancient people strong in unity and true democracy marching triumphantly on the road which one of the greatest of world's leaders showed them and marching with great promise to the future not only of China but also of Asia and the world. India to-day sends her greetings to China in homage and hope.

Frankly Speaking

Regrettable Incident

It was an unfortunate incident in which were involved, the other day, the editor and staff of the Karachi "Daily Gazette" and a party of British soldiers. The incident would have been bad enough in any case. But what made it worse is that the British party should have been led by an officer of the rank of Major. He and his fellow-officers, if there were such others with him, ought to have known better than to give a cheap and irresponsible exhibition of patriotism. It is satisfactory to learn that the military authorities are taking action against the men, who raided the "Daily Gazette". But we should like to emphasise here that it is the officer or officers who should be held as the principal culprits.

Will Mysore Give The Lead?

In urging the Maharaja of Mysore to grant constitutional Government to the people of the State Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has only voiced the universal feeling not only in the State but in the country as a whole. Rajaji assured the Maharaja that his position as a constitutional ruler would be as attractive as that of the King of Britain. We may add that the sooner the Maharaja fulfils the wishes of the people the better will necessarily be his constitutional position. Responsible Government in British India is now a question of months rather than years. Its being followed by responsible Government in the States is a simple corollary. Far better than accepting the inevitable when it comes will it be for the Maharaja of Mysore to give a lead to the States in general. That will be one of the brightest chapters in the history of India.

Deserved Recognition

The Swedish Academy, reports the United Press of America, has awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry for 1944 to the German "Atom Bomb Discoverer", Otto Hahn. From the purely scientific point of view the Atom bomb represents the most brilliant and tremendous discovery in history and constitutes the greatest landmark in scientific progress. And Dr. Hahn, who more than any other single scientist, has been responsible for it, eminently deserves the recognition that has been bestowed upon him. But from the point of view of human progress the discovery is more a tragedy than a blessing. Dr. Hahn and his colleagues, who were eager to release the terrifically destructive energy of the Atom, failed to consider whether mankind was ready for it.

Discoverers Wake Up

They are beginning now to realise the consequences of their brilliance and the devastating dangers of it. Every scientist, who was associated with the work, has now come out with dire warnings and with frantic demands for the control of the Atom bomb by an international authority. Their warnings and their pleas are very welcome. But—will they succeed? Or are they too late in rescuing mankind from the consequences of placing such an instrument of destruction into the hands of unworthy Man? These are questions which arise with irresistible grimness because of the national jealousies and greed that the Atom bomb has brought into play. Those, who possess the secret—and the secret is limited to one technical process—are so fascinated by their treasure that they would not part with it while knowing that it is merely a matter of years before others will also be manufacturing the fell demon. Those who do not possess the secret are already concentrating on discovering it. An international Atom bomb race is already on. History shows where and how armament races inevitably end. The Atom bomb race may well end the world itself.

DOUBLE TENTH

(By HINDURAJ M. PARWANI)

October 10th is the "Double Tenth" as the Chinese call it. The Chinese people regard this day as their National Day, as their Day of Deliverence. On this day—10th October 1911—thirty-four years ago there broke out in China, in Wu-Chang the capital of the Hupeh Province in China, the Chinese Revolution, which resulted in the overthrow of the Manchu dynasty and gave birth to the Chinese Republic.

To-day again China comes out with flying colours from an ordeal after eight years' had struggle against its Asiatic and neighbourly aggressor. China will, therefore, now celebrate this day this year on a very grand scale. Let us in India join our Chinese brethren in celebrating this day and let us pray to the Almighty that China united may attain the glory that is her due in the world to come. I have always believed that with our neighbouring country, China Great and free, India cannot remain in bondage for long.

The Indian National Congress at the last meeting of the A.-I.C.C., rightly passed a resolution of greetings to China in her success in this war.

While on my way from Hongkong (after imprisonment and deportation by the Japanese) to Free China, 'en route' to India, towards the end of the year 1942, I had occasions to come in contact there with the Chinese military authorities. They rendered to us, the Indian evacuees, or rather escapees from the Japanese occupied territories in the Far East, all possible help they could during those extraordinary times and under extraordinary circumstances. And this was under the regime of Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek whose sympathy for Indian Freedom is well-known. Let us in India so act as to cement further the ties of brotherhood between China and India.

LOCAL SELF GOVT. FOR GERMANS

Decision In American Occupied Zone

LONDON, Oct. 9. (A.P.A.) The Luxembourg radio, recorded here, today quoted a communique from the 'American Army Headquarters in Germany which said that "the military Government in town and country in the American zone of occupation will be abolished on November 15."

"The administration will be handed over to German officials," the radio said, declaring further, "this measure is being taken to allow the Germans to develop a free Government which is adopted to the needs of Germany."

The radio quoted a spokesman of the American Military Government as saying, "However, the German lines of Government will continue to be determined by the American Army and all local German officials will still be under strict American control."

BEVERIDGE NOT COMING TO INDIA

LONDON, Oct. 8 (Reuter). Sir William Beveridge is not likely to go to India in the near future as the work would involve a greater call upon his time than he is able to devote, necessitating as it would, two lengthy visits to India.

Iranian T. U. Leaders Released

LONDON, Oct. 9. (U.P.I.) Iranian Trade Union leaders, Rusta and Shamide, who were to leave for the World T.U.C. Conference in Paris have been released from prison after a five days' hungerstrike, it is reported from Tehran.

It is believed that authorities had only arrested them to prevent their leaving for Paris.

Kasturba Trust Executive Meeting

WARDHAGANJ, Oct. 9. (UP..I.)

It is learnt that the meeting of the Kasturba Memorial Executive, which was to be held in Poona on October 16 and 17 has been posponed. The meeting will be held in Sevagram on October 25 and 26 under the Chairmanship of Mahatma Gandhi who is coming here on October 22.

Broach Mills To Stop Work

(From Our Correspondent.)

BROACH, Oct. 9.

Gopal mill clerks will soon be released. Notices are given to two local mills which will stop working due to shortage of coal.

PROBLEMS OF PEACE

Future Of Local Self-Government

(By K. T. SHAH)

In the following, the seventh article of the series Prof. K. T. Shah, the well-known economist and Secretary of the National Planning Committee discusses the future development of local self-government in India.

It is an indisputable proposition that working democracy on a nation-wide scale,—particularly in a country like India,—is impossible. Hence if democracy,—government of the people, for the people, by the people,—is to be realised as an everyday experience for the mass of the citizens, it must be in and through local self-governing institutions, municipalities, district boards and village punchayats are examples, which can be increased or varied to make real self-government a daily experience. Without losing one's sense of historical perspective, it might yet be asserted that the passion for local autonomy or every day democracy is planted deep in the Indian nature, as is evidenced by the immemorial influence of the village organisation in this country. Towns, too, or municipalities, are not wholly modern creations as local self-governing units, though modern industrialism has given them a new importance and new problems in a country's political life. The reconstruction of those institutions rooted already in our national political psychology, in harmony with modern conditions and requirements, is, therefore, likely to bear much greater fruit than any other corresponding institution for working democracy.

Scope Of Functions

In order to make these institutions local self-government really effective and operative, the problem of their constitution and function is of the utmost importance. The simple principle that all matters of local interest or concern should be left to the local organisation, is complicated by the steady increase in the number and variety of collective or co-operative functions, which have an intimate bearing upon a citizen's daily life and work. The first point, therefore, demanding urgent investigation is: What would be the most economic scale of operations for such enterprise as is of immediate importance and service to the locality. The economy of large scale operations has been too fully demonstrated, in this age of power drive, machinery and standardised mass production to be replaced by obsolete equipment and inefficient technique of the individual craftsman without grave prejudice to national prosperity. This necessitates larger units, such as a municipal corporation like Greater Bombay, or the union of several villages for economic working of public utilities or services. On the other hand, local sentiment will rightly demand the fullest possible benefit, not only of service from the locally conducted enterprise or utility, but also the greatest possible scope for employment to the local talent or local labour. This means a relatively smaller scale of operations.

Standard Unit For Local Govt.

The line must, therefore, be drawn between these two somewhat conflicting claims, for constituting a suitable unit for effective local self-government. A town is such a unit available ready to hand; and so is a village. But the former may be too large in some cases, and the latter too small, for uneconomical conduct of some enterprise, which must form, under modern conditions, an integral part of local autonomy. The way out lies in a permissive or voluntary union, or combination, of several basic units,—whether towns or villages,—to facilitate the most economic as well as advantageous conduct of services and utilities deemed to be of local interest and concern that may well be left in charge of the local governing bodies.

Provincial Control, Supervision And Assistance

The role of the central organisation, or the provincial government, may be confined to laying down general policy, providing expert guidance where necessary; effecting co-ordination between several mutually interrelated enterprise or activities; and affording financial aid where deemed proper. The supervision and control of the Provincial Government will be equally indispensable, in town as well as village, in district boards in village unions if the ingrained narrowness of local outlook is not to be allowed to mar the working of carefully planned national economy. But the powers of supervision, control, or co-ordination, as well as of affording financial assistance should not be made an excuse for the Provincial Government to encroach upon the legitimate field of local self-government assigned by law or the constitution to these units.

Constitution Of Local Bodies

We may seem to have put the cart before the horse, in outlining the functions before indicating the constitution of local self-governing bodies. Nevertheless, the two are so interconnected, and mutually dependent, that the constitution will inevitably be coloured by the functions and vice versa. With the functions outlined above the constitution of each such unit must be representative, with a degree of responsibility of the executive authority to the legislative,—the town or village council,—which is today conspicuous by its absence in this country's scheme of local self-government. The real executive is, in most cases, all but irremovable. The elected President of the body is only an ornamental spokesman, not an effective executive.

Local Civil Service

The Local Civil Service, also, is a bureaucracy, which needs to be reformed, not only in regard to initial recruitment, in the proper standards of qualifications and experience, but also in the matter of their pay, pension, promotions, discipline etc. I would even suggest the national organisation of the Local Civil Service with public examinations for their initial recruitment in the several departments. The local executive must be made elective,—elected, that is, by the legislative body; or even directly by the people concerned. However elected, the chief executive,—whether a single officer, or a Cabinet—must be responsible to the electors, or their representatives, and removable by their vote, or amenable to their censure, and even punishment.

Annual Tenure Of Executive Office

However put into office, and whatever the degree of responsibility of the executive, a salutary principle of constitution of such bodies and authorities would be to put some sort of a bar upon indefinite re-election of such officers or authorities. Even if, because of limited talent or experience in certain matters being available in the chosen representatives of the people or their electorate some amount of re-election would be unavoidable, a bar must be placed on re-election, immediately one term is served, for at least a year; and the usual tenure of office should be for a year. There is an advantage in this practice, which is scarcely appreciated, viz., the training up an ever increasing number for holding such offices. Provided an interval of at least one year comes between two successive re-elections of the same individual to the same office, the option for reeligibility would not be so dangerous.

The bar on consecutive re-election should apply, it need hardly be added, to Executive office, and not to re-election to the legislative body, though even there some kind of a limit might be desirable. The term of office of local bodies should not be very long. Two years is reasonable; three should be the maximum. If a number of somewhat divergent interests or sections have to be represented, it might be desirable to provide for proportional rotation every year, so that the body, while remaining continuous, is nevertheless able to bring in new blood from time to time.

Adult Franchise

This brings us to the question of the Franchise. Who shall elect these bodies? Obviously, the inhabitants of the place,—larger places being divided into suitable ward's areas, or sections. The electors must be 'residents', who are to benefit from the services and utilities conducted or supplied by the unit. But no other qualification should be required,—except being adult, or 18 years of age, at the time of voting.

Proportion Of Voters To Councillors

The proportion of councillors to voters is difficult to lay down, though, in the smaller places, in order to promote habits of self-Government, it might be as well to require one out of every ten, or at most, 20 adult citizens, to be councillor. In larger towns the proportion would needs be much smaller.

Proportional Representation

Mention may also be made, in this connection of the device of "proportional representation," if a place consists of a variety of peoples and or of interests proportional representation is a highly sophisticated device, which demands a fairly high degree of education and public spirit among the electors. Even if it be employed, under existing conditions in this country, it would fail to achieve its purpose, unless it is employed at general election only. Then, also, it would need strong, organised parties to make the system function to advantage or satisfaction. Many thoughtful students of this subject object to local government being made a prey to the Party system. The ordinarily elected councillors may be supplemented by a small proportion of cooptations. These, if adopted, must be specially qualified and needed in some particular branch of the work.

Functional Representation

Another reform of local self-governing electorates is to make a cross section of the community, by creating constituencies on functional, rather than territorial, basis. This requires organisation of the entire adult population in occupational, or functional, associations cutting across all local loyalties and their careful linking together, to allow all qualified workers to vote. Thus organised into trade constituencies, they would act with zest and interest in recording their vote. Functional organisation, in India is at a discount to-day, not only because the modern Trade Union is still an exotic plant; but also because the indigenous variety,—the caste,—is very much in disfavour with the educated Indian.

Summary Of Functions

Once these bodies have been constituted, and their several organs,—executive, legislative, and judicial, along with the appropriate permanent service attached to each,—have been set up, the allocation of functions will follow naturally. All matters of local interest or concern must form part of the powers and function of the Local bodies subject to such control, supervision, co-ordination or assistance from the central authority as may be found necessary and advisable. In this way, local government will not restrict itself only to Local Health, Education, Comfort, or convenience and amenity. All industries or activities, incidental to the enjoyment of life in the community, must, as far as possible, be provided by local enterprise, worked by local talent, and minister to local needs. An ideally constituted and functioning local governing unit should be a miniature replica of the sovereign State, with all its functions and attributes.

(To Be Continued.)

Gujarat Trains To Be Resumed

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 9. (A.P.I.)

The work of repairing the breaches caused by the recent floods between Bombay and Ahmedabad on the B. B. and C. I. Railway is nearing completion and all through trains will start running normally between these two stations from October 12. The Gujrat Mail leaving Ahmedabad at 3-30 p.m. on October 10 will go through B. B. and C. I. railway line but there will be transhipment at Maroli. On October 11 the Kathiawar Mail will run between Ahmedabad Viramgam and the Kathiawar Express will run as usual with other trains from October 12 between Viramgam and Bombay. The Gujrat Mail will run between Ahmedabad and Viramgam and the passenger will run between Baroda and Bombay according to the timetable in force. The Delhi Express will however, continue running between Baroda and Delhi as at present until further notice.

ATOM BOMB SECRET CLOSE PRESERVE

Will Not Be Shared With Additional Nations, Says Truman

TIPTONVILLE, TENNESSEE Oct. 9. (Reuter). President Truman declared unequivocally last night that the secret of the atomic bomb would not be shared with additional nations. He told an unheralded Press Conference that the secret was known to industry since other nations had access to scientific knowledge that led to its development.

President Truman asserted that Great Britain and Canada shared the industrial "know how" and while he had not discussed his decision with them, he said he was certain they would agree that its secret shall not be shared.

Great Britain, he said, spent 100,000,000 dollars on the development of atomic energy before it turned its work over to the United States, which spent 2,000,000,000 dollars before the bomb was perfected.

Mr. Truman said flatly that none of the United States' Allies had asked for the secret of the atomic bomb.

Mr. James F. Byrnes, secretary of State, he said, would initiate discussions with Great Britain and Canada looking to international agreements which the President wanted with a view to outlawing the use of the atomic bomb.

President Truman made it clear that scientific knowledge utilised for the final perfection of the bomb was available to virtually any nation.

The secret was the engineering knowledge of putting all the different pieces together and the finding of resources and the plant with a capacity to complete the work.

Britain and Canada, he said, did not have the resources in money and plant capacity and other necessary materials to bring about the final development of the bomb. He doubted whether any other nation outside the United States had these resources.

NO CLASH WITH RUSSIA

He considered that the Council of Foreign Ministers in London was in no way a failure. He added there was no clash of American interest with Russia, and that Russia had been as badly misrepresented in the United States as America had been in Russia. Their interests did not clash. An understanding sometimes was made difficult by differences of language and translations.

SOUTH INDO-CHINA FOR FRANCE

PARIS, Oct. 8 (Reuter.)

Discussion now in progress between Britain and France are expected to result in the early handing over of the civil administration of southern Indo-China to France, said the France Press agency today.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The future of the women of India is very bright", Mrs. Casey said. "People like Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit have set a great example to the rest of Indian women and if this example is followed, women will accept more and more responsibility in national life".

—London Report of an interview given by the Bengal Governor's wife.

★ ★ ★

Speaking at a tea party in Simla, Sir Chandulal Trivedi, Governor-designate of Orissa, said: "I shall do my best to make the Province of Orissa a better one than it is at present".

This is not merely an objectionable insinuation but a direct reflection on His Excellency Sir Hawthorne Lewis and his predecessors.

★ ★ ★

According to a Madras report the Government of India has decided to discontinue, with effect from the end of the current year, the monthly grant of Rs. 13,000 to the Indian Federation of Labour.

That means the patriotic generosity of the Government of India, at the expense, sorry, we mean on behalf of the Indian tax payer will continue for another couple of months.

Or does the "current year" mean the current financial year?

★ ★ ★

In a conversation with a correspondent Dr. Soekarno declares: "We are not anti-White, but we claim national freedom as our birth right".

Then clearly he is emphatically anti-White. This man Soekarno seems to be a very naive person.

★ ★ ★

A representative of Lord Beaverbrook's "Daily Express" writes from Batavia: "It is bad propaganda to point against him (Dr. Soekarno) that he is still living in a luxury villa handed to him by the Japanese, although it rightly belongs to a Dutchman".

It certainly is bad propaganda. For, people may be led to point in return that Indonesia rightly belongs to Indonesians.

★ ★ ★

After his tour of Palestine, Sir Md. Zafrullah told Reuters at Cairo that "the seriousness of the Palestine problem cannot be exaggerated".

Tell it to the Muslim League, brother.

★ ★ ★

"We can't ever have another war unless it is a total war, and that means the end of our civilisation as we know it"—President Truman.

The President does know a worthwhile thing or so, too.

★ ★ ★

"We understand", President Truman further announced, "that the road to peace is just as difficult as was the road to victory during the war".

We earnestly and fervently hope it proves only just as difficult.

★ ★ ★

By the way, Mr. Truman is reported to have quoted the Gospel injunction to do by your neighbour as you would be done by.

The Arabs, of course, are not the neighbours of President Truman of the United States of America.

CONGRESS WILL SWEEP POLLS IN PUNJAB

Maulana Azad Sees New Life In Province And United Effort On All Sides

LAHORE, October 8. (O. P. I.): "Change of religion does not imply change of nationality" observed Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, President Indian National Congress, in reply to a question put by the representative of the "Orient Press of India" whether change of religion implied change of nationality, at a press conference held here before the Moulana left for Delhi.

When "O. P. I." representative desired clarification of his statement the Moulana laughed and said that it is so clear and having no time he cannot call him for a separate interview.

To another question the Moulana said: "Certainly I and all other Nationalist Muslims are striving for gaining an honourable position for Muslims in India".

When his attention was drawn to a report which appeared in the "Eastern Times" that the Moulana is retiring fr politics on grounds of his health and that Congressites and Nationalist Muslims are pressing him not to do so at least till the elections are over, the Moulana said "There is no truth in that report."

The Moulana said that his mission has succeeded and that he was confident that Congress would sweep the polls in the Punjab also as in other provinces. He said that though he could not address public meetings on health grounds, he feels that there is new life in the province and Nationalist Muslims and Sikhs are zealously working for the Congress.

WHEN WORKING COMMITTEE WILL MEET

LAHORE, October 9. (U. P. I.): Interviewed by the "United Press of India" on the aerodrome prior to his departure for Delhi last evening, Moulana Azad said that the Congress Working Committee might meet within a month's time. The venue of the meeting had not yet been decided.

The Congress President was not in a position to say when the plenary session of the Indian National Congress would be held, but the invitation to hold the session in the Punjab stood unless the Working Committee decided otherwise for some reasons.

MAHATMA TO VISIT MADRAS IN DECEMBER

BOMBAY, October 9. (A. P. I.): It is learnt that Mahatma Gandhi will visit Madras in the third week of December and stay there for more than a week. Mahatma Gandhi will preside over the Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the Dakshina Bharata Hindi Prachar Sabha and a conference of workers who have contributed to national renaissance movement.

Ways and means of collecting funds for the Silver Jubilee of the Sabha were discussed by Mr. Satyanarayana, general secretary of the Sabha, when he along with Mr. Kamalnayan Bajaj met Mahatma Gandhi at Poona last week.

SARAT BOSE TO CONTEST FOR CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

CALCUTTA, October 9. (U. P. I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose has decided to stand as a Congress candidate for the election to the Central Assembly from the Calcutta Constituency.

This was disclosed by Mr. Bose to a press representative when he left last night for Kurseong. Mr. Bose also said that besides the 50 general and 30 Scheduled Castes seats, every one of 119 Muslim seats of the Bengal Assembly would be fought tooth and nail as the battle must be fought on all fronts.

BIHAR LIFTS BAN ON STUDENTS' FEDERATION

PATNA, October 9. (A. P. I.: The Provincial Government has lifted the ban on Students' Federation, but the membership is open to college students only, says a 'press note".

AZAD BACK HOME

CALCUTTA Oct. 9 (A.P.I.) The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, accompanied by his Secretary, Mr. Ajmal Khan, arrived at the Dumdum airport this afternoon by air from Delhi.

Maulana Azad who is not keeping well, drove straight to his home in South Calcutta.

GREATEST TRIAL SINCE 1857

THREE I. N. A. OFFICERS TO FACE COURT MARTIAL ON NOV. 5

Alleged To Have Organized Army That Pledged Itself To Free India

NEW DELHI, October 8 (A.P.I.): What may well be one of the most famous trials in India since the mutiny will begin here on November 5.

The three accused, Capt. Sehgal, Capt. Shah Nawaz and Capt Dhillon, are stated to have left the Indian army and taken prominent part in the formation of the Indian National Army, "Azad Hind Fouj", in which they rose to be colonels and helped in the training of some 1,200 more Indian officers.

The charges against them are waging war against the King and pronouncing a sentence of death on four Indian soldiers who are said to have deserted the Indian National Army and attempted to rejoin the British Indian Army.

The first charge is likely to raise unprecedented questions of international law relating to war for freedom waged by a subject people.

The court martial, which will try the three accused, is likely to consist of five officers, including probably one Indian. The accused will be defended by Mr Bhulabhai Desai, well-known Bombay lawyer and one of the members of the Defence Committee set up by the A.I.C.C. A number of defence witnesses from Burma and Malaya are expected here in time to give evidence at the trial.

Mr. Desai, Dr. Katju, Mr. Asaf Ali and Mr. Raghunandan Saran, members of the Defence Committee who are here, have interviewed the accused and held consultation among themselves on the mass of material collected about the constitution and activities of the I.N.A.

These reveals a force fully and methodically organised down to the last detail, with a full and complete code of its own and full records of engagements fought

It is claimed to be an entirely voluntary army. At one stage it had 7,500 officers and 50,000 men. A traget of 300,000 men was aimed at and it is said would have been achieved if adequate mechanical equipment had been obtained.

FREE INDIA

Members of the force were pledged to free India from the British power, using for this purpose and only for this purpose, whatever help the Japanese could give. "Onward to Delhi" and "Victory Parade in the Ancient fort of Delhi" were recurring slogans in the army orders and other documents of which a number have been obtained

"Free India" was so wholeheartedly acknowledged as the objective, that the idea of allowing the Japanese to enter India in any other role than that of helpers was not thought of.

And when it was found that Japanese objectives did not exactly coincide with the I.N.A.'s friction arose.

The main terms of the pledge signed by each member of the force were as follows:—

"I hereby voluntarily and of my on free will join and enlist myself in the Indian National Army. I solemnly and sincerely dedicate myself to India and hereby pledge my life for her freedom. I will serve India and the Indian independence movement to my fullest capacity, even at the risk of my life. In serving the country, I will seek no personal advantage for myself. I will regard all Indians as my brothers and sisters without distinction of religion, language or territory."

LOYALTY TO BOSE

Complete loyalty to and faith in Subhas Bose—known throughout the force as "Netaji"—animated the men. Communal and religious differences were entirely absent: difficulties over kitchens and messes did not exist.

Regiments were named after Gandhi and Jawaharlal. "Jai Hind" were words of greeting with which officers and men saluted.

The organisers of the force had money made available to them in plenty, it is said. Nearly eight crores of rupees are believed to have been collected. But equipment was scarce and supplies depended on primitive means of transport which though suited to the conditions of fighting in the Burma jungles, were slow and uncertain.

Once or twice, supplies ran so short that large sections of the force lived on leaves and grass, while British and Indian forces opposing them had supplies dropped to them by planes.

When the area round Kohima was captured by the Japanese in 1944 a civil administration under the Azad Hind Government was established. The plan thereafter was that the I. N. A. should establish itself first in Assam and Bengal and then gradually extend its authority to other parts of India.

It is gathered that one of the accused Capt. Shah Nawaz has as many as 62 members of his family in the British Indian Army and at one stage in the Burma campaign he had a brother fighting against him.

On the charge of murder and abetment of murder, the defence will probably be that the four Indian soldiers were trying to desert the I. N. A. and go over to the British with valuable information. All the four, it is stated, were tried by a "properly constituted" tribunal of the I.N.A. and sentenced to death.

The Court Martial on November 5 is expected to be held in the Red Fort—the scene of many historic happenings since it was built by Emperor Shahjahan 300 years ago.

Bose's Men In Singapore Jail

Singapore October 8 (Reuter).—Dr. N. K. Menon, Chairman of the so-called Penang "Indian Independence League" and N. Raghavan, an Indian Barrister and former member of Subhas Chandra Bose's "Provisional Government" were among the 30 Chinese Eurasians, Indians and Malays, who are now in jails, charged with being "war criminals or having committed atrocities or given undue collaboration to the Japanese."

Japs Tortured Bishop Of Singapore

COLOMBO, Oct. 7 (U.P.A.): The Bishop of Singapore, the Right Revd. Leonard Wilson, after being left unmolested for the first year after the Japanese occupation, was subsequently tortured for eight months, writes United Press of America correspondent, Austin De Silva.

The water torture was frequently administered. In the Headquarters of the Japanese Gestapo housed in the Singapore Y.M.C.A. building, he was forced to live in a room with a ceiling so low that no one could stand upright, and so crowded that they had to sit cross-legged on the floor. He was beaten many times and so frequently that he lost count, but he said he usually "passed out" after the 200th stroke. Eventually after eight months he was released.

These facts were disclosed by the Bishop of Colombo, the Right Revd. C. D. Horsley, in his address to the Diocesan Council of the Church of Ceylon. The Bishop of Singapore was tortured because it was thought that he was the head of some spy system.

DEMOBILISATION. WILL AFFECT 8,50,000 MEN

Dalal Reviews Planning And Reconstruction Problems

NEW DELHI, Oct. 8 (A.P.I.): Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Planning and Development Member, reviewed the economic issues bearing on planning and reconstructions in India and said that provided Government and the people pulled together and certain conditions were satisfied, there was no reason why economic activity in the country should not be sufficient to avoid a serious drop in expenditure, though its direction and purposes would naturally be different.

Sir Ardeshir was addressing the fourth meeting of the General Policy Committee to-day.

The first economic consequence of the cessation of the war, he said, was that expenditure on account of H. M.G. must cease within a short period and the Government of India's expenditure on defence must progressively decline.

Even on the most favourable view, the decline of employment associated with the contraction of public expenditure must be large. The demobilisation plans of the army envisaged a fall in the army strength of 8,50,000 men in the course of about eight months.

The bulk of the unskilled labour employed on defence works, roughly a million men, could also no longer be supported by army expenditure, thus, even if the possible contraction of the staff employed by Government was not taken into account, this meant a fall of employment of the order of two million and the secondary employment that might be associated with it. The problem was to find employment for as many of these men as possible.

FACTORS TO COUNTER-ACT UNEMPLOYMENT

Fortunately, Sir Ardeshir went on, there were factors which could counteract unemployment There was at the moment a great deal of reserve purchasing power in the country. The increase in bank deposits since September 1939 was some 620 crores, and the increase in notes in circulation was over 1,800 crores.

There were also deposits in the Excess Profits Tax amounting to over 50 crores: Various categories of payment that would have to be paid to troops such as war gratuities, deferred pay, undisbursed pay, etc., amounting to 100 crores; and an increase in savings bank deposits, national savings certificates, etc., amounting to some 10 crores. All these provided a reserve of financial power which under suitable conditions could be effectively used for providing economic unemployment and raising the national income.

There were also various arrear demands for various types of services, such as house building. The Government of India, said Sir Ardeshir, were actively considering a scheme for the housing of its own industrial labour. Research on prefabrication, standardisation of types, mass production of fittings, designs, etc., was being undertaken by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research which was setting up a building research section The question of providing a several stimulus to the building industry by the grant of loans on easy terms through Building Finance Corporations required careful consideration.

PT. PANT CHARGES U. P. GOVT. WITH SABOTAGE

Betrayed Trust And Handed Over Province To "Unscrupulous Elements"

LUCKNOW, Oct. 8 (A.P.I.): An attack on the administration of the province and the policy of the British Government was made by Pandit Gobind Ballabh Pant, former Premier of the U. P., addressing the members of the Congress Party in the U. P. Legislature in the Councillors' Residence to-day. Among those who attended the meeting were:

Mr. Purshottam Das Tandon, Mr. Mr. Sampurnanand, Mr. Hafiz Ibrahim, Mr. Chandra Bhan Gupta, Mr. Harishchandra Bajpai and Mr. Gopinath Srivastava. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was also present.

Pandit Pant reviewed the events from 1937 onwards and said that the Congress assumed office after the assurance of the Viceroy that the Governors would not interfere in the day to day administration of the provinces. The Congress Ministry in the U. P. was in office for about two and a half years. It passed the Tenancy Bill and was greatly responsible for the improvement in the conditions of the Kisans of the province. By its efforts the Congress Ministry saved the sugar industry which was on the verge of ruin.

Pandit Pant charged the Government with sabotaging the various reforms introduced by the Congress Ministry. The Governor had given the assurance when the Ministry resigned that Government would act as the trustee in the absence of a popular Ministry." "How far the trustee has worked for the betterment of the people has been proved during these few years", he said.

Giving instances of what happened during the Advisers' Regime Pandit Pant said that besides bribery and corruption, the consumption of liquor in the province had considerably gone up. The revenue from the excise duty had increased many times since the Congress went out of office.

The Government knew that no honest and patriotic man could support them, so they were depending on the support of "the most unscrupulous elements in the province."

Referring to the policy of the Labour Government, Pandit Pant said he had no hope that the Labour Party would give freedom to India. The present British Government was worse than the Conservative. Pandit Pant revealed that at the Simla Conference they were given the impression from the talk with Viceroy, Lord Wavell, that a National Government would be formed within two or three months. If the Conservative Government had remained in office, a National Government might have been formed. But the Labour Government has changed the whole picture.

Punjab Civilian To Join Congress

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, Oct. 9.

According to the staff correspondent of the "Daily Virbharat", Mr. Brijlal Nehru, I.C.S., Finance Minister, Kashmir State, in an express telegram to the Congress President, Maulana Azad, has informed him that his services are at the disposal of the Congress. It is further stated that Mr. Brijlal Nehru expressed his desire to contest the Central Assembly seat from the Western Punjab constituency on the Congress ticket as against Dr. Gokalchand Narang, the nominee of the Hindu Mahasabha. This constituency is being represented for the last seven years by Bhai Parmanand.

According to the same source pressure is being brought upon Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Gandhiji's Simla host, to contest one Indian Christian constituency of the Punjab Assembly on a Congress ticket. Another Indian Christian constituency is to be contested by Kanwar Delipsingh, former acting Chief Justice, Lahore High Court, on a Congress ticket.

Why Not Settle Indian Soldiers In Australia & Canada?

Britain Must Reward Them For "Yeoman Service Rendered," Says Kumarappa

WARDHA, Oct. 8 (A.P.I.): "Indian soldiers have rendered yeoman service to Britain and they deserve well of her. She has plenty of unsettled land in Australia and Canada and these soldiers should be sent there to settle down", observes Prof. Kumarappa, Economist and Secretary of the All-India Village Industries' Association, in the course of an article in "Gramodyoga Patrika" of October 1945 while dealing with the problem of settling demobilised Indian soldiers or paying pensions or gratuities.

Indian soldiers, he says, were low paid as compared to the British recruits. The Indian administration has spent about 1,200 crores out of our revenues and goods worth 1,500 crores have been taken away from India against Sterling securities for war purposes, so that, in all, about 4,000 crores have been charged to India on account of this war which is to perpetuate Britain's stranglehold on our country.

"We are made to pay for our own slavery", he says.

Kumarappa asks why Indian soldiers should not be given the same facilities which the British soldiers are given after they are demobilised. They should be given the same training in peacetime occupation as the British soldiers.

"Instead of rewarding our Indian soldiers out of British revenue", he says, "the Government is seeking to settle these men in Indian villages. They fought for Britain and they saved her, but they are to be rewarded by India."

transforming these brave souls into valuable assets to a free India, thereby establishing cordial relations between the two countries. The committee deems it its duty to make a systematic effort to present to the British public a true picture of these heroic patriots who staked their lives and all for Indian independence. The Committee earnestly desires to impress on the people of Britain how retributive punishment will only create animosity and hatred towards England at a time when England and India, as free units, should strive for the peace, security and freedom of all nations and of all people.

CASE REFERRED TO FULL BENCH

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Sen and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar).

Sangadia Ujamsi Govindji Petitioner

Versus

King-Emperor ..... Opponent.

The point of importance raised in this Revision Application was whether the District Magistrate of Ahmedabad had the power to order a Landlord to let out the second floor of his building to a Government officer under Rule 81 (2) of the Defence of India Rules. On behalf of the petitioner it was contended that the order was illegal and ultra vires. On behalf of the Government it was contended that it was an administrative order and the High Court had no jurisdiction to revise it. In view of its importance Their Lordships referred the case to a Full Bench.

Mr. N. C. Shah appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. S. B. Jathar, Assistant Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown.

India's armed forces will be completely officered by Indians in the near future, under proposals which the authorities concerned are believed to be considering.

FUTURE OF WINDSOR IN BRITAIN

Consultations With Attlee, King And Queen Mary

LONDON, Oct. 9. (U.P.A.): The Duke of Windsor spent half an hour with Prime Minister Attlee at No. 10 Downing Street, yesterday, informed sources told the United Press of America to-day.

The decision on whether the Duke should be permitted to remain in England and bring the Duchess to his homeland remains with the King, the source added, but the Prime Minister will undoubtedly be consulted. The decision is likely to be conveyed to the Duke in the form of "advice" rather than "command," the source said.

There has as yet been no indication of the views of the Royal Family in this matter. King George saw his brother once—for dinner the first night after he arrived—and there have been several consultations between Queen Mary and other members of the Royal Family since Windsor landed in England four days ago.

NEW WEAPONS OF WAR —IN OFFING

Gen. Marshall's Report To U. S. War Secretary

ELTON FAY, APA STAFF CORRESPONDENT, WRITES THE FIRST INSTALMENT OF HIS STORY ON THE NEW WEAPONS OF WAR AS UNDER:—

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9. (A.P.A.): General George C. Marshall tonight revealed the existence of an arsenal of "terrifying" new weapons and warned an America entering the Atomic Age that it must "prepare or perish".

To cope with the menace of scientific mass destruction and to "enforce our will for peace with strength", the Army Chief of Staff urged:

1. Intense scientific research and development.

2. A permanent peacetime citizen-army, trained and ready to take up arms, but not a large standing army subject to the behest of a group of schemers.

In a biennial report to Secretary of War Patterson, Marshall said that the Atomic bomb is not alone among the scientific advances "that make the possibilities of the future so terrifying".

Because, "it is so important that the people of the United States realize the possibilities of the future, Marshall said, he asked Gen. Henry H. Arnold, Army Air Forces Chief to estimate the capabilities of modern weapons.

ROCKETS AND JET PROPELLED BOMBERS

And here are some of hitherto highly secret developments that Arnold reported:

"We can direct rockets to targets by electronic devices and new instruments, which guide them accurately to sources of heat, light and magnetism. Drawn by their own fuses, such rockets will streak, unerringly, to the heart of big factories, attracted by the heat of the furnaces. They are so sensitive that, in the space of a large room, they aim themselves toward a man who enters, in reaction to the heat of his body".

Within the next few years, there will be produced jet-propelled bombers with speeds of 500 to 600 miles per hour, flying to targets 1,500 miles distant, at altitudes above 40,000 feet.

Development of even greater bombers, to operate in the stratosphere at supersonic speeds and carrying bombloads of more than 100,000 lbs., already is certain.

"These aircraft will have sufficient range to attack any spot on the earth and return to a friendly base," Arnold reported.

100,000 LB. BOMBS

"At this very moment, we are making a single bomb weighing 45,000 lbs. to keep pace with the bomber, already under construction, which will carry such a load. Air ordnance engineers have blue-printed a bomb weighing 100,000 lbs."

Improvement of our jet-fighters "may well produce, within the next five years, an aircraft capable of the speed of sound and of reaching targets 2,000 miles away at altitudes above 50,000 feet".

CAN MAKE OR MAR MANKIND

Discovery of the secret of Atomic power, said Gen. Marshall, "can be Man's greatest benefit, or it can destroy him". Then, the General added: "It is against the latter terrible possibility that this nation must prepare, or perish. peaceful life of every individual on earth. And it will at the same time affect every instrument and technique of destruction".

How close was the race with the Nazis for this secret was indicated in a discussion by Marshall of reasons for Allied invasion of the European Continent

There was no mention in Marshall's report of a corresponding technological menace by Japan.

Indian Troops In Cyprus Clash

LONDON, October 9. (U. P. A.): A clash between a Cyprus regiment and Indian troops occurred in Cyprus yesterday with casualties on both sides.

United Press of America reports from Limassol, Cyprus, said disturbances occurred at Famagusta port when soldiers of a Cyprus regiment refused to leave the island for service abroad. These reports said one Cypriot sergeant was killed and five soldiers wounded.

The Cypriot Secretariat in London reported that two companies of Royal Engineers refused duty overseas on the ground that they volunteered to fight during European hostilities only with demobilisation in Cyprus six months after cessation of hostilities.

Cyprus soldiers protested against the use of Indian troops to "force" Cypriots aboard troopships destined for an unrevealed Mid-Eastern port. Open fighting ensued after which soldiers rioted and staged a demonstration march through the streets but later dispersed without incident.

TIME PICTURES LTD.

A new film Company under the name and style of Time Pictures Ltd. has been floated in this country with an authorised capital of Rs. 25,00,000. The Directors' Board include some topmost businessmen.

The company has been formed to cover the whole ground of production, distribution and exhibition of educational films in every sphere of Indian national interests. Social, economic, agricultural, civic and commercial films, amongst others, will be the Company's special line, keeping constantly in view their instructive appeal. Demand for these films is recognised; and with only 50 studios, 150 film-producing concerns and 1,700 permanent cinema theatres in the whole of India the Company's prospects seem to be promising. It has been able to secure some films for distribution purposes as well as other objectives. This shows that they have good future prospects.

FATAL MILITARY ACCIDENT

POONA, Oct. 8 (A.P.I.)—One sepoy was killed and two others injured when two military lorries dashed against each other on the Bombay-Poona Road today.

KARACHI, Oct. 9 (A.P.I.) Mr. Durga Das of the "Hindustan Times," New Delhi, arrived in Karachi from London today on his way to Delhi.

Hopes Of Free Lanka Partly Shattered

Soulbury Report Suggests Delayed Dominion Status

Ceylon To Have Constitution On British Model

LONDON, October 9, (Reuter): Ceylon will have a constitution largely on British lines with a parliament consisting of the King and two chambers if the recommendations of the Commission on Constitutional Reform which visited Ceylon last December are adopted.

The Commission consisting of Lord Soulbury (Chairman,) Sir Frederick Rees and Mr. F. J. Burrows returned to England on April 9 last and their 159-page report was issued today.

FULL SELF-GOVT. NOW

The Commission express the belief that their recommendations, if adopted, "will enable Ceylon to enjoy forthwith full and ample measure of self-government and in due course to assume the status of a Dominion thereby bringing nearer the ultimate ideal of British statesmanship, the fusion of the Empire and Commonwealth."

It is proposed that the first chamber, to be known as the House of Representatives, should consist of 95 elected members and six nominated by the Governor-General. To qualify for membership, ability to speak, read and write English should no longer be required.

A second chamber to be called Senate would consist of 30 members. Fifteen of the seats would be filled by persons elected by members of the first chamber by means of the single transferable vote and 15 by persons chosen by the Governor-General, who would have power to make ordinances dealing with defence and external affairs. Each member of the second chamber would sit for nine years.

Methods are suggested for ensuring a reasonable proportion of seats for minorities.

The Commission propose to abolish the Executive Committee and the three Officers of State.

In the place of the present Board, there would be Cabinet Ministers responsible to the legislature of whom one appointed by the Governor-General should be the Prime Minister. Other Ministers would be appointed by the Governor-General on the recommendation of the Prime Minister.

A public Services Commission and a Ministry of Justice are also recommended.

Replying to possible criticism of attempts to frame a government for an eastern people on the pattern of western democracy, the Commission declare: "We are recommending a method of government we know something about, a method, which is the result of very long experience, which has been tested by trial and error and which works and on the whole works well."

"The politically conscious majority of the people of Ceylon favoured a constitution on British lines. The Commission think that Ceylon is well qualified for constitution framed on the British model. The enlargement of liberty is always attended by risk. But it is well to bear in mind the wise observation attributed to Aristotle—the only way of learning to play flute is to play flute.

"The goal of the people of Ceylon is Dominion Status and we understand that to be in accordance with the policy of His Majesty's Government. But it is clearly not possible to reach that goal in a single step. The Commission do not believe that any serious body of opinion in Ceylon questions the need for dependence upon the United Kingdom for some time to come in matters of defence and external affairs.

DELIMITATION COMMISSION

The recommendations by the Soulbury Commission also include the following:—Universal suffrage on the present basis to be retained. A delimitation Commission of three persons will divide each province of the island into a number of electoral districts so that wherever there may be a substantial concentration in any area of a province of persons united by community of interest, whether racial, religious or otherwise but differing in one or more of these respects from the majority of the inhabitants of that area, the Commission shall have the liberty to modify the factor of numerical equality of the people in that area and divide the province into districts necessary to render possible representation of that interest. Any bill relating solely to franchise shall not come within the category of bills which the Governor-General is instructed to reserve for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure.

The minimum age for entry to the Senate hall be 35. Rules and conventions obtaining in the United Kingdom as to the frequency with which Parliament is summoned and length of sessions shall be followed in Ceylon.

Classes of bills which the Governor-General is instructed to reserve for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure include any relating to defence, affecting currency or relating to the issue of bank notes, any bill containing provisions which will evoke serious opposition by any racial or religious community, anything amending or repealing any provision of the constitution, and measures relating to External Affairs excluding trade agreements which Ceylon with His Majesty's Government's approval has concluded with other parts of the Commonwealth.

HOPE OF DOMINION STATUS DEFERRED

LONDON, Oct. 9 (A.P.A.): The recommendations of the Soulbury Commission on Ceylon Constitutional reforms defer Ceylon's hopes of becoming a Dominion to a future date.

Publication of the Soulbury report follows public demands during the visit of Ceylon Minister Senanayake to the Colonial office last month for a declaration of Dominion Status. An Indian and Tamil delegation arrived simultaneously to safeguard the rights of minorities.

The question of franchise of Indian immigrant labourers shall be left to be determined by future Ceylon Governments in the matter of their internal administration.

London Plea For

Amnesty For I. N. Army Officers Also

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The Indian National Army Defence Committee, which was formed a fortnight ago, under the presidentship of Doctor D. N. Dutt, adopted a memorandum for submission to the British Government and representatives of other members of the United Nations. Other members on the Committee include Swami Avyaktananada, Doctor Sorabjee Warden, Doctor Dewan Singh, Doctor C. H. Vakil, Srimati Radha Rani Horker, Mistress May Dutt, Treasurer of the Committee, and Mr. D. P. Choudhury. The Committee collected sums of money for offering legal help to those in need. In India, the Committee is also in contact with eminent lawyers with a view to make their expert knowledge available in the defence of those Indians charged in India. All communications should be addressed to the Secretary of the Committee, Doctor M. D. Thakore, 46, Museum Street, London W.C. 1.

The following is the text of the memorandum:—The Indian National Army Defence Committee for the defence of Officers, men and women, upholds non-violence as the basic principle of India's struggle for freedom; while deploring the complicated international situation wherein utter despair, resulting from British policy, impelled these Officers, men and women to join the Japanese anti-British Government, the Committee takes this opportunity of expressing its heartfelt appreciation for the fervent patriotism, unflinching valour and self-abnegation of these brave men and women, although the methods adopted by them, according to their conviction, for the attainment of Indian independence, were not sanctioned by the Indian National Congress.

GENERAL AMNESTY

The Committee calls upon the British Government and the British public to realise the tension, sense of frustration and suspicion polluting Indo-British relations at this critical hour and tending to stimulate a section of the disappointed Indian public to seek national freedom through violence. The Committee sincerely appeals to the British Government in the name of Freedom and Democracy to grant a General Amnesty to all Officers, men and women of the National Army. The Committee further respectfully warns the British Government and the British public that punitive measures in the form of capital punishment, imprisonment or any other form of victimisation of relatives, will tend to create an unbridgeable gulf between England and India. The Committee therefore, suggests to the British Government to take a practical view of the whole situation and thus greatly help in

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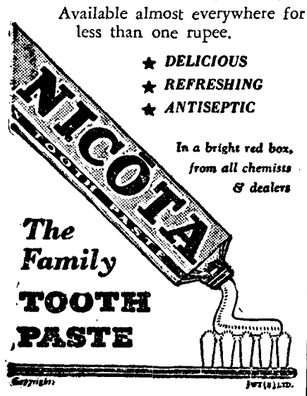

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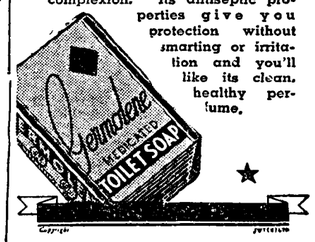

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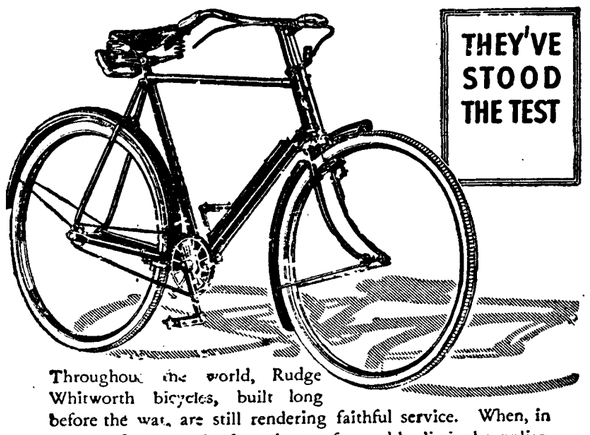

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Indian Industries To Be Squeezed By British Exports?

Mr. G. A. KULKARNI EXPOSES BRITISH INTENTIONS

Monopoly for Britain & Foreign Firms in India?

Startling revelation of British intentions to drive Indian Industries out of existence was made by Mr. G. A. Kulkarni, the Chairman and the Acting President of the Textile Stores & Machinery Merchants' Association (Bombay Presidency) and the Managing Director of Consolidated Mill Supplies, Ltd., by giving the following remarks taken out from the 'Financial News' London, at the 2nd Quarterly General Meeting of the Association, held at Radio Club Ltd., during the last week.

"Many Indian Industries which have mushroomed solely owing to wartime unobtainability of imports will gradually be squeezed as Britain's export capacity revives—unless of course the Indian Government grants to them uneconomic tariff protection regardless of Indian population's buying standards."

SPIRITED CALL TO TEXTILE STORES' TRADERS TO UNITE:

Welcoming the members to the Second Quarterly General meeting of the Association Mr. G. A. Kulkarni, the Acting President expressed his regret at the failure of Simla conference. He, however, felt happy that A.I.C.C. Meeting at Bombay has given a definite lead demonstrating the will of the country to win political freedom. It was well known that without political freedom there could be hardly any progress in the economic conditions of the country. He bitterly complained against the irresponsible attitude of the authorities to the difficulties and hardship of trade and industry, and assured the merchants and manufacturers that the Committee was doing everything possible to further the interest of trade and industry.

Welcoming the end of the war Mr. Kulkarni pointed out that the war of weapons had ended but the economic war had just started. The pious wartime intentions of the big powers would be judged by the results, manners and methods with which they would be apply them in making India free from the economic domination and exploitation. He said that the world trade trend and events were against India and the experiences of the leading Indian Industrialists who had toured Europe and United States of America recently were not encouraging.

BETRAYAL!

The story of the treatment of the Indian Industry by the Government during the wartime was one of flattery. But to-day no attempt is made to save the industries from disaster. Mr. Kulkarni said "the Textile stores and machinery industry is not small industry by itself and the Government has always preferred to keep this industry in dark on so vital a matter as detailed statistics ..... India is perhaps one of the most backward countries in the world in this important and vital aspect of trade and industry, and our Government has throughout pursued a policy that the less we know the better." However, as far as it concerned textile stores, machinery, dyes and chemicals, Mr. Kulkarni assured the members that the Committee of the Association was taking steps to meet the needs.

Complaining against the step motherly attitude of the Government towards Indian Industries, Mr. Kulkarni said that as soon as the shipping position had improved and import could find assured place, indigenous manufacturer was left to find his salvation on his own. He lost all that kindly treatment. He was assured of. Even his continuous existence was in danger. The Government spokesman lost no opportunity of rendering lip sympathy to Indian Industry, but action hardly ever arrived. The Indian Industries were in a position to meet the requirements in certain lines. But even in those lines imports were persisted in and thrusted upon the country for the benefit of foreign interests. The Indian manufacturer who stood faithfully by the side of the country in its most critical days of war is looked upon with cruel eyes by the financial press in the United Kingdom. He referred to the above quoted paragraph in the Financial News and said that apart from the disservices such comments do they exhibit also the ingratitude of the people to whom this country rendered valuable service in their hour of need.

The Government did not lack in assurance to Indian industry in those critical days. "Have all those assurances been put in cold storage?" asked Mr. Kulkarni. He demanded that every effort should be made to rehabilitate the existing industry on sound footing. To this end imports of articles which are being produced in this country must be banned or at least restricted to the extent of their deficiency. If adequate care was not taken if proper attention was not paid and active assistance was not rendered to the existing industry, it would be faced with disaster and ruin and the huge capital already sunk would be wasted as was the case after the world war I.

Mr. Kulkarni referred to decontrolling of wartime measures and said that the Government is unwilling to remove the wartime controls under the excuse that it would affect the efficient and equitable distribution of stores to consumers. He demanded the complete abolition or at least relaxation of all wartime controls so that the traders might be relieved of the formalities regarding applying for licences and submitting monthly stock returns, etc. If at all the Government fears that total decontrolling affects their fight against inflation they may continue the price control, but nothing has been done and it reveals how indifferent and unsympathetic is the Government to our trade and industry.

IMPORT LICENCE:

Referring to the long standing complaint of this Association regarding the grant of import licence and deprivation of several long established traders from their rightful place in trade Mr. Kulkarni said that injustice done to many of us in the trade by the refusal of the authorities to issue import licence has not been removed in spite of the representation to the Government. All our protests have remained unheeded. Now that the war has ended all restrictions on that behalf must disappear and freedom must be restored to resume normal trade activities with any country consistently with the needs of the economy of our own country. Giving instance of import of American leather belting in which several obstacles were put in the path of importers Mr. Kulkarni remarked that such a policy would only result in canalising all trade into British hands and traders were virtually made dependent for practically every type of goods on the United Kingdom. He hoped that American opinion would assert itself in this matter.

APPEAL TO MILLOWNERS:

Advising the traders and manufacturers to improve the quality of their manufacture with the aid of science and employment of latest machinery Mr. Kulkarni appealed to the millowners to give Indian merchants and manufacturers opportunities to bring about improvements by patronising trade and industry in Indian hands so that with their support and co-operation they could serve the industry better and in a more efficient manner.

THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

Mr. N. J. Nair, the Hon. Secretary, while placing the Report before the members observed that 6 meetings of the Committee were held during the period under review and matters connected with import licences for mill stores, machinery, dyes and chemicals, etc., ropes, tapes, bandings, card can and sizing material industry, representation of the Association on Priority Assistance Committee and 'inter se' dealing in controlled articles of textile stores, etc. were considered and action taken wherever necessary. He thanked the members for contributing Rs. 5,176 to Shri Mahadev Desai Memorial Fund. The membership of the Association is 181.

Sheth Popatlal Girdharlal and Mr. Chandulal V. Shah appealed the members to unite, create the spirit of co-operation and organize their trade and industry on sound footing so that unlike the atom bomb which brought a sudden end of the world war II, the end of the war might not bring an end of the members' trade and industry as was the case after the first world war. They appealed to the millowners to encourage trade and industry in Indian hands and take the Association into their confidence. Sheth Popatlal appealed the Government and the Textile Control Board to keep this Association informed of the measures adopted by them for erecting new textile mills in so-called deficit zones. The country was absolutely in dark firms to whom orders were given for erecting new mills.

A hearty vote of thanks to the Chair and to the host Mr. Manibhai M. Patel of Messrs. H. M. Patel and Co., terminated the proceedings of the meeting.

Australian Services Team's Tour Of India

MADRAS, Oct. 8 (API): A meeting of the Tour Sub-Committee of the Board of Control for Cricket in India was held at Hotel Connermara, Madras, to-day with Dr. P. Subbaroyan, President, in the chair. The following itinerary for the Australian Services Side was fixed:

October 22 arrive Bombay; October 24 leave Bombay by Frontier Mail; 26th morning arrival at Lahore; 27th rest, 28th, 29th and 30th v. North Zone Eleven at Lahore. October 30 leave Lahore by the night train; October 31 arrival at Delhi.

November 1, 2 and 3 v. Services Eleven or any other representative Eleven arranged by Delhi and District Cricket Association.

November 4 leave Delhi arrive at Calcutta November 5.

November 6, 7 and 8 v. East Zone Eleven at Calcutta. November 9 rest.

November 10, 11, 12 and 13 v. an India Eleven at Calcutta.

AT BOMBAY

Leave Calcutta for Bombay on 14th and arrive Bombay on 16th, 17th rest. Nov 18, 19 and 20 v. West Zone Eleven at Bombay. 21 rest, November 22, 23, 24 and 25 v. an India Eleven at Bombay: 27th and 28th v. Combined Universities at Poona or Bombay.

Leave Poona or Bombay 29th arrive at Madras 30th evening.

December 1 rest. December 2, 3, 5 v. South Zone Eleven at Madras. December 5 rest.

December 6, 7, 8 and 9 v. an India Eleven at Madras.

Leave Madras on 9th evening and arrive at Colombo on 11th December 12, 13, 14 v. All Ceylon at Colombo. Leave Colombo on 16th for Australia.

HOLKAR'S DONATION TO M. C. SENA DAL SAMMELAN

INDORE (By Mail): In response to an appeal from the Working President, Maharashtra Utkarsha Mandal, Bombay, for financial aid to the Maharashtriya Chaturang Sena Dal Sammelan of Bombay, His Highness the Maharaja Holkar has sanctioned a donation of Rs. 501 from his Privy Purse.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

The Electoral Rolls of the General Constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and the Bombay Legislative Council are at present being revised by the Government of Bombay. Copies of the Rolls as last published are available for inspection at the office of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. Forms for the purpose of making applications to the Collector of Bombay for enrolment will also be available there. Arrangements have also been made for assisting members of the Chamber or their employees who are not on the roll in making the necessary applications to the Collector. Members of the Chamber are invited to take advantage of this facility."

Mr. M. K. Vellodi who has been appointed Deputy High Commissioner for India in London. He is likely to take up his appointment sometime next month.

COMMUNIST ARMY OFFICIAL SHOT DEAD

Cause Of Outrage In Chungking Not Known

CHUNGKING, Oct. 9 (Reuter): Li Shao Shih, Secretary General of the Chungking office of the Communist Eighteenth Group Army, was shot dead last night in his car after escorting friends home, cables Doon Campbell, Reuter's special correspondent.

The circumstances of the shooting are not yet clear.

CHUNGKING TALKS CONTINUE

Political Council To Begin Work

CHUNGKING, Oct. 8 (Reuter).—Mao Tse Tung, Chinese Communist leader, took part in further unity talks today with the Kuomintang negotiators.

The talks were concerned primarily with the composition and voting procedure to be adopted by the Inter-Party Political Council.

It is reliably learned that the Communist Party has submitted a draft communique setting out points on which agreements in principle have been reached with the Kuomintang party.

The communique, which is expected to be issued on October 10, will end the first phase of the negotiations. The Inter-Party Political Council will begin work on the basis of agreement arrived at between the Kuomintang and the Communist Party.

MASS PROTEST IN PALESTINE PASSES OFF QUIETLY

"Britain No More Considers Issue As Colonial Problem"

LONDON, Oct. 9 (Reuter): Intense discussions of the Palestinian problem on a ministerial level were being held in London last night and prevalent anxiety over the Middle Eastern situation had evidently not been allayed by reports that the Jewish protest strikes and mass meetings against the British immigration policy yesterday passed off quietly in the principal cities of Palestine, reports Reuter's correspondent.

The British Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin first had a long talk with the Colonial Secretary Mr. George Hall, whose department is primarily responsible for Palestine.

Later in the evening the Minister conferred with Azzam Bey, Secretary General of the Arab League, who has been in London for a week discussing Middle Eastern problems and who is now planning to go on to Washington.

Mr. Bevin, who had already seen Dr. C. Weizmann, head of the Jewish agency and president of the World Zionist Federation during the week-end, is reported to have spent several additional hours studying various aspects of the Palestinian issue.

While no early statement from the British Government is expected, it is now considered almost certain that the whole question will come up for discussion by the Cabinet.

The liberal "News Chronicle" today comments that Mr. Bevin's interest in the Palestinian problem "is significant. It is a sign that the British Government no longer regards Palestine as primarily a British colonial problem, but rather as an international problem, which should be settled by common action between the United Nations primarily interested."

Reuter cables from Jerusalem received during the night said that yesterday's mass demonstrations in Palestine had all been marked by intense fervour and impassioned speeches with complete discipline on both sides. The police and the military were kept in the background.

Zafrulla Confirms Seriousness Of Palestine Problem

CAIRO Oct. 8, (Reuter): Sir Muhammed Zafrulla who reached here to-day after a week's tour of Palestine said to-night that the "seriousness of the Palestine problem cannot be exaggerated".

Sir Muhammed who met many Arab and Jewish leading personalities in Palestine added, "from distance the problem might not seem to have as many ramifications as one discovers when one visits the country. The problem combines many different aspects—economic social and sentimental. Both parties seem to haev taken up every rigid attitudes from which they are afraid to make the slightest departure which must be construed as weakness.

The situation definitely requires very wise and cautious handling. over-simplicity would be really dangerous".

Sir Muhammed is leaving for India on October 10 to take up his post as Judge of the Federal Court of India in New Delhi.

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Share Bazar Steady With Modest Turnover

Bombay, Oct. 9

The Share Bazar opened steady with scattered buying but as soon as the demand was supplied, the market turned quiet. Trading was again restricted and price changes were narrow.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2227 and improved to Rs. 2232 under scattered buying but turned quiet on renewed selling and steadied at Rs. 2220. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 412 and steadied at Rs. 411. Cotton Mill shares were quietly steady with little business passing. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1957 and changed hands at Rs. 1956. Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 605 and after improving to Rs. 606 steadied at Rs. 605. Later on there was small buying and the market steadied.

Later on Tata Steel Dfds improved to Rs. 2227 and Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 412. Bombay Dyeings hardened to Rs. 1966. Scindias met better support and rallied to Rs. 37. Trams were active and Bank Shares were moderate demand. The nature of the business was tarvani without any definite tendency.

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Tata Steel Ord X.D. 412 Tata Steel Defd X.D. 2227/8

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MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 190 Burma Petrol 5/9 Tata Oil 75 Mackenzie 137/8 Port Canning 110 Kemp 506/4 Zandu 211/4 Indian Radio Ord 387/8 B 411/4 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 121 Wimco 315/10 Tata Chemical 18/4 Dharamsi Chemical 33/8 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/8 Dena Trust 23 Alembic 321/4 Supreme Industries 228/12 Jam Wire 130 Bombay Uganda 61 Bombay Cycle 36 Indian Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 590

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second X.D. 163/4 Tram 68 Andhra 1617/8 Tata Power 1722/8 Hydro 162/8 Bombay Steamer 351/4 Nagpur 730 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 126/4 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 300 New Great 251/4 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec 249/6 Premier Const. 1st 135 Second 135 Amalgamat-

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES
BOMBAY, Oct. 9

MILLS

Apollo 3/15
Bharat 57 57/4
Bharucha Defd 8/4
B. Dyeing 1960 56/4 62/8 57/8 67/8 66/4
Bradbury (Ord) 326/4
Central India (Ord) 393 93/8 92/8 96/8 95/8 97
Century 905 10 5
Colaba 247/8 46 47
Edward 645
Elphinstone (Ord) 75/8 76
Elphinstone (Pref) 126/4
Finlay 284 82/8 83/8
Gokak 297 97/8
India United Defd 2/13 2/12/6 2/13
India United Ord 13/13 13/12/6 13/13
Indore 696/4 98/12 96/4 703/12
Kohinoor 605 606/8 4/8 7 5 6/8
Luxmi 1417/8
Madhusudan 460
Meyer 195
Model 251/4 53/2
Morarjee 730
New Great 384 83 85
Phoenix 640
Poddar 320
Sassoon Cotton 22
Srinivas 370
Simplex 295/8 96/8 95 96/8 94/8 97/8 96/8 97
Swadeshi 559 62 61 62 61 63/8 62/8 64 63
Swan 309
Tata Mills 65/12 67 66/12
Vishnu 500
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 712/8

BANKS:

A. B. C. 44/8
Baroda 145 45/8
Central 86/8 87 86/4
Imperial (Old) 2222/8
Imperial (New) 562/8
India 198 96/8
National Savings (P.P.) 39/4
Reserve 139/8
United Commercial 77

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 167/8
Andhra Valley 1827/8
Tram (Ord) 150/8 51 50/12 52/12
Tram (Pref) 68
Bombay Suburban 219/6
Tata Hydro 203/8 3
Power 1900

INSURANCE

British India 25/4 25/6
Empire Life 1210
Indian Mercantile 61/8
Jupiter 35/12 36/4
New India 84/8 84 84/8
Bombay Steam 600 602/8
Bombay Steam (Pref) 351/4
Scindia 36/8 37/3 37 37/2 37/1
Tata Steel Defd 2227/8 28/12 22/8 26/4 18/12 27/8
Tata Steel Ord 412 12/8 11 12
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MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 407/8 12/8
A. Cement 219 19/8 18/8 19/8 19 19/12 19/8
Belapur 221 20/8 21
Burmah (Old) 548/12 47/8 48/12
Burmah (New) 190
B. B. Petrol 5/10 5/9
Indian Bleaching 161 57/8
I. I. Trust 121
Port Canning 112
P. Construction 201 200/8 201/8
Shivrajpur 50/8
Tata Chemical (Ord) 17/14 18/4
Tata Oil 74/8 76
Indian Iron Bengal Steel 34/10 34/12 34/10
Indian Iron 40/10 40/12 40/9 40/10
Shrinivas (Pref) 100
New Union 25
Mandhra Bhon Rly. 110/8

ed 153/12 Tata Chemical 124 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 30/10 Bengal Steel 34/11
Indian Copper 3/3 B. I. C. 7/8
Burma Corporation 6/11 New Victoria Mill 7/14 Victoria Pref 9/14 Cawnpore Tex 13 Raja Tex 69 Phalton 150 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-Hind 2475 Sajjan 410 Osmanshahi 330 Ajamshahi 595

GOLD & SILVER

The Bullion market was quiet with renewed selling. It appears that after yesterday's rally there was no follow-up on the buying side and the market ruled quiet. Demand for ready silver remains disappointing and the long range outlook favours lower quotations.

Forward silver opened at Rs. 130/4 and declined to Rs. 129/4 on renewed selling and absence of support. Ready silver was placed at Rs. 129/2. Forward gold opened at Rs. 74/12 and quietened at Rs. 74/8.

The market was firm on active general buying and quotations were as under.

Ready Gold	76	3	0
Forward Gold	76	1	0
Sovereigns	51	12	0
Ready Silver	131	8	0
Forward Silver	131	4	0

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market was expected to open at Rs. 414/8 for January delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 413/8 and declined to Rs. 412/4 on scattered selling. It was reported that the expected sale to Liverpool by Karachi market failed to materialise as the demand was supplied from the Government-owned cotton. The market was steady at the decline.

Later on it was said that the Government did not sell any cotton and under moderate buying January improved to Rs. 413/8.

There was a steady flow of buyers and January advanced to Rs. 416. The market finally closed as under.

I.C.C January	415	12	0
I.C.C. March	422	12	0
I.C.C. May	433	12	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

I.C.C. January Highest 415-1/4 Lowest 409-1/2, Closing at 5 p.m. 415.
I.C.C. March Highest 421-1/2, Lowest 417-1/2 Closing at 5 p.m. 421-1/2.
I.C.C. May Highest 432-1/2, Lowest 429, Closing at 5 p.m 432-1/2.
Karachi 4F January Highest 43/6/0. Lowest 42/12/6, Closing at 5 p.m. 43/6/6.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 740 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

Widespread Gains In Wall Street Market

BUREAU REPORT FAILS TO INFLUENCE COTTON PRICES

NEW YORK, October 8.

The Department of Agriculture estimates ginnings of cotton to October 1st, at 2,176,000 bales, condition 70 per cent., production 9,779,000 bales and indicated yield per acre 260.7 pounds.

Wall Street opened steady and buoyant. Activity was restrained by the fact that little progress was made in settling the nation-wide strikes. Optimistic estimates of the length of time to effect reconversion tended to revive sentiment together with the generally favourable tax situation. Gains were widespread throughout towards midday. Many issues reached new high levels while gains were registered in most categories including specialities. Aircrafts, rails chemicals and farm implements but in some cases prices near the final hour were slightly under the high levels of to-day's session. The market closed firm.

American Telephone and Telegraph (182-5/8) 182-7/8 Amerex Corpn. (33-5/8) 35-1/8 Anaconda Copper Mining (38) 38-7/8 Chase National Bank (44-5/8) 45-3/8 Consolidated Oil (17) 17 Firestone Tyre & Rubber (64-1/4) 64-1/2 General Electric (48-3/4) 47-3/4 General Motors (73-3/4) 73-3/4 Ingersol Rand (124-7/8) 126 International Nickel (36-3/8) 36-3/4 National City Bank of New York (47-1/2) 48-1/2 New York Central Rail Road (28) 28-1/8 Socony Vacuum Corpn (16-5/8) 16 Texas Corporation (56-3/4) 57 Union Carbon and Carbide (98-1/4) 98-5/8 U. S. Smelting Refining Mining (70) 71 U. S. Steel Corpn. (77-1/8) 78-1/8 Western Union Telegraph (50-3/4) 51-1/2.

COTTON PRICES IRREGULAR

New York Cotton opened irregular, First hour trading was principally confined to pre-bureau evening-up. The market re-opened with small changes from the adjournment levels and, with the bureau crop figures about as expected. Prices later firmed somewhat with the trade absorbing scattered realising and hedges and mills buying market against textile orders. The ever-present inflation talks and possibilities of enactment of the Pace Bill continue the chief current bull cards. Latterly prices reacted sharply with next October declining to 22.44 due to increased realising and other selling attributed to technical considerations and evidence of more dubious ideas on enactment of the Pace Bill. Price finally rallied on renewal of trade support and subsidence of offerings and the session closed steady.

CHICAGO MARKET

Grains ruled strong with wheat and rye touching new high levels for the season and advances of one to nearly two cents a bushel reflecting heavy demand for cash grains and congressional efforts to raise parity prices as well as the production of a frost in the maize belt. Early gains were extended to more than two cents a bushel on heavy speculative buying but profit-taking attracted by the rapid rise and failure of December maize to hold at the ceiling subsequently checked the advance.

Dec (1.75-5/8 to 1.75-5/8) 1.76-1/2 to 1.76-1/2.
May 1.74-1/8 to 1.74-1/4) 1.75-1/8 to 1.75-1/4.
July (1.68-1/8 to 1.68-1/4) 1.69-1/2 to 1.69-5/8.

COTTON FOR MANUFACTURE OF PAPER

WASHINGTON, October 8. (U.P.A.): The Department of Agriculture to-day announced a diversion program for using cotton in the manufacture of paper.

The programme will firstly, develop new uses for cotton; secondly, furnish critically needed raw material for paper production; thirdly, help reduce the large surplus of short staple, low-grade cotton; and fourthly, aid in providing warehouse space for the new crop.

Under the program, a maximum of 50.0000 pounds of cotton may be used.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York Oct. 8.	
October	23.29+04
October highest (10 a.m.).	23.29+04
October lowest (2.10 p.m.).	23.12—13
December	23.43+01
January	23.38+04
March	23.44—03
May	23.45—02
July	23.27—02
October	22.69+04
Middling Spot	23.80—01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York Oct. 8.	
October	23.25+13
December	23.42+10
March	23.46+07
May	23.48+08
July	23.28+08
Middling Spot	22.90—

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

New York Oct. 8.	
October	23.25
December	23.45
March	23.48

LONDON BULLION
LONDON, Oct. 8.
TODAY'S PRICES.

Spot	44 pence
Forward	44 pence
Gold bars fine per oz.	£8/12/3

LONDON EXCHANGES
LONDON, Oct. 8.

T. T. London on:
New York sellers 4.02.1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
LONDON, Oct. 8.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 pc	74
Consols 2-1/2 pc	38-13/16
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	106
War Loan 3-1/2 pc	104-11/16
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	113-7/16
Victory Bonds 4 pc	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. & China	11-1/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	93
National Bank of India	43-1/2

De Gaulle Thwarted Indo-Chinese Appeal To United Nations

LONDON, Oct. 8 (U.P.A.): The nationalist movement for Indo-China's "liberation" from French rule apparently is supported by 25,000 Indo-Chinese in France whose aspirations for independence have been hitherto thwarted by the De Gaulle Government, according to a memorandum made available to the United Press of America.

Intended for presentation to the United Nations Council, the eight-page memorandum was composed by the "Indo-Chinese Delegration Generale" which was elected in December 1944 at Avignor, France y a Congress representing "25,000 Indo-Chinese in France who are unanimous in support of the political program for establishing a democratic government in Indo-China.

The memorandum never reached the United Nations Counil because the De Gaulle Government banned its publication and press and postal censorship prohibited its distribution, nationalist sources claimed.

The memorandum based its claims on Chapter 1, Article 1 of the United Nations Charter—"To develop friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights and the self-government of peoples."

It declares that France is not entitled to claim soverenty over Indo-China "since she has not achieved Indo-China's liberation," a fact which Indo-Chinese in France and Indo-China consider unquestionable.

Bombay Produce

BOMBAY, Oct. 9.

The market was quietly steady with a moderate business. Groundnuts Madras Goa delivery Dec.-Feb. were quoted at Rs. 16/3 and Nov.-January were placed at Rs. 16/6. Nizam Nov.-Dec were quoted at Rs. 16/2 and Nov.-Jan. at Rs. 16/3. Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 15/4. Goa delivery Rs. 15/8 and Navlakhi Rs. 15/7. Linseed O. P was placed at Rs. 18. N. S. Rly. at Rs 17/15 and Navlakhi delivery was quoted at Rs. 18/5 and Vizagapatam at Rs. 17/1. Tone was steady.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury bills were opened on Tuesday the 9th October. Total amount offered was Rs. 6,01,50,000—Tenders at Rs. Rs. 99-14-9 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-6 allotted approximately 9%. Total amount accepted was Rs.2,00,00,000—the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-5-2 per cent. per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received at all centres on Wednesday the 17th October upto 11 a.m. (S.T.). Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 19th October. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 5th October Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,41,75,000—were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

RUB IT WHERE IT PAINS

NOPAIN

Sure Remedy for all Aches and Pains.

CALCUTTA CHEMICAL CO., LTD.

Bombay Office. Princess Street.

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BALSATHI

Best cure for all diseases of children used throughout India for the last 30 years. Sold at all Chemists or write to:—

VAIDYA JAGANNATH G.,
Varadh Office, NADIAD.

IMPORTANT NEWS FOR THE HOLDERS OF IMPORT LICENCES

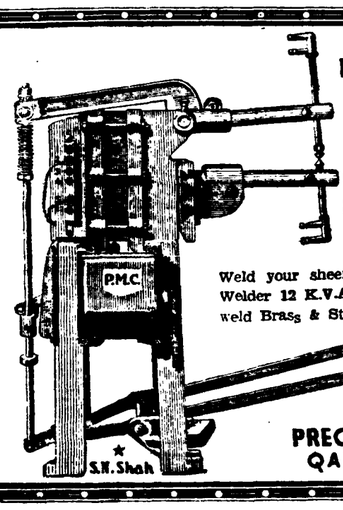
WE have the pleasure to announce that we have just received from our London Office and from our American Agents, prices and samples of ready-made goods of all types and description, such as Textiles, Cutlery, Hosiery, Machinery, Machine-Tools, Glassware and Perfumery.

We will be pleased to supply any other information required regarding Imports. Kindly see personally or write to:—

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST LTD.,
IMPORT DEPARTMENT, Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY. Tel. No. 33135.

A P.M.C. PRODUCT

SPOT WELDER



Weld your sheets with Premax Spot Welder 12 K.V.A. 440 volts. A.C. Can weld Brass & Steel Sheets 1/4" thick.

Larger capacity on order.

PRECISION MFG. CO.
QADIAN (INDIA)

REWARD £ 500

YOU CAN BE YOUNG IN 24 HOURS

"OTOGEN" (VITAMIN TONIC) makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, impure blood, mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men.

"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN".

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention

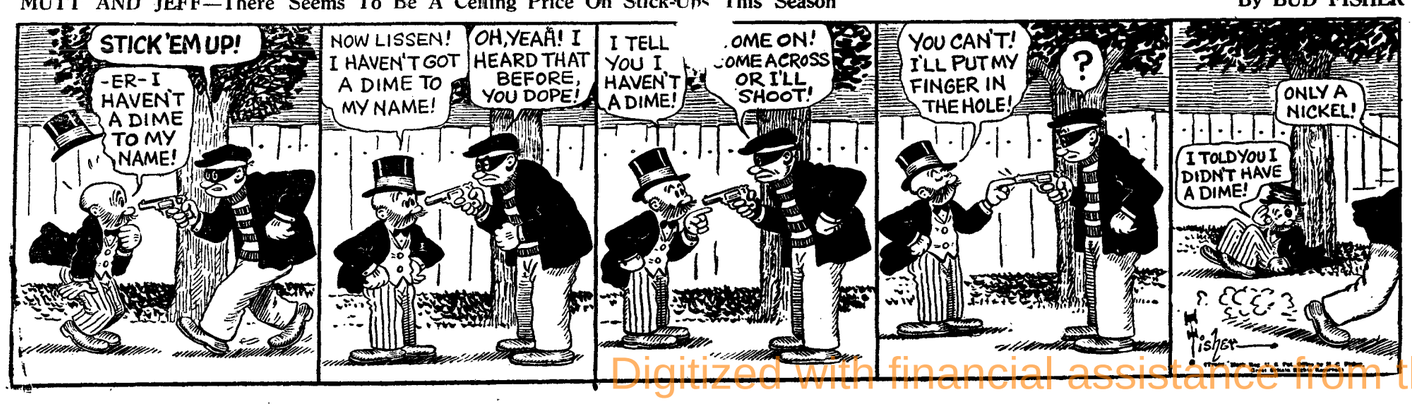
NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "Otogen" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the EXTREMES OF HEAT OF TROPICAL SUMMERS as in winter or any other mild and temperate climate.

Under the burning heat of summer Sun WHEN YOU ARE AT ZERO, OTOGEN IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT RESTORATIVE.

OTOGEN LABORATORIES (ENGLAND)
27, Nicholson Road, LAHORE.

Sold by all Leading Chemists and Stores.
Stockists:—Perry & Co., Ltd., Grant Road, Bombay.
M/s. MARSHALL & CO., 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay
HARDINGE & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.
VORA BROS., Princess Street, Bombay.
P. HARKINDAS & CO., Lamington Road, Bombay.
GRAND PHARMACY, Charni Road, Bombay.

MUTT AND JEFF—There Seems To Be A Ceiling Price On Stick-Ups This Season — By BUD FISHER


STICK 'EM UP!
-ER- I HAVEN'T A DIME TO MY NAME!
NOW LISSEN! I HAVEN'T GOT A DIME TO MY NAME!
OH, YEAH! I HEARD THAT BEFORE, YOU DOPE!
I TELL YOU I HAVEN'T A DIME!
COME ON! COME ACROSS OR I'LL SHOOT!
YOU CAN'T! I'LL PUT MY FINGER IN THE HOLE!
?
ONLY A NICKEL!
I TOLD YOU I DIDN'T HAVE A DIME!
Fisher

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Saraswat Spinster or widow middle-aged for matrimony by a Saraswat Doctor. Correspondence treated strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 9553, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Gujarati knowing Graduate Teachers, either sex, (trained and/or French preferred). Apply Principal, Esplanade High School, Fort, Bombay. 9603

Wanted Bearer with good references for Bachelor in upcountry Good pay with Board and annual leave. Box No. 9604, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Matrics, Non Matrics for sub agencies establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Indo Finance & Transportation Corporation, Delhi. 9614

Wanted Teachers for English. B.T., S.T.C. preferred. Apply Box No. 9612 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted B.Ag.'s or B.Sc., (Ag.)'s in the Agricultural Department Bhavnagar State Pay Rs. 125/- to 200/- p.m. according to merits. Apply stating qualifications and previous experience, if any, before 15th November 1945 to the Revenue Commissioner, Bhavnagar State, Bhavnagar. 5102

Only well qualified and experienced Radio Mechanics preferably on aircraft sets need apply stating educational qualifications, practical experience and minimum salary expected. Applications should be addressed to Wireless Engineer, Tata Air Lines, Juhu Aerodrome, Bombay. (5092)

Wanted: Copyholders on Salary of Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. Minimum qualification Matriculation. Apply with Certificate to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATION WANTED

R.Sc. experienced in correspondence and other works of life insurance Office available for Calcutta. Capable of taking charge of office. Contact Box No. 9605, "Bombay Chronicle."

GODOWN WANTED

Wanted a Good Godown to accommodate cotton bales between 500 and 1000 near Kalbadevi locality. 9549

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., etc., from London College and American Universities. Fees nominal. Write for prospectus to the General Educational Agency, Amritsar. (9547)

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D.Com. courses, American Correspondence College (BC), Delhi. (4637A)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

"The Nai Zindagi", Allahabad, founded by: Dr. Syed Mahmud. A new Urdu monthly devoted exclusively to political discussions Standard articles and reviews by eminent leaders and scholars. Indispensable for students of politics. Annual subscription Rs. 5/- Single copy -/8/- Specimen copy on -/8/- stamps. Apply Manager 9557

MEDICAL ADLETS

Haemovin: The Antiseptic Pile Ointment. A quick and sure remedy. Obtainable at chemists or direct from: M/s. Premier Trading Co., Advani Chambers, Fort, Bombay.

ASTROLOGICAL

Horoscope Rs. 10. Personality Annual Health Monthly 2-8|-. Murty, 171, Gandhinagar, Bellary. (9466)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes, Cash, write to the Baku Soap Works. Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

For outright sale—Wallace Bungalow, Matheran, standing in Five (5) Acres and Ten (10) Gunthas ground Leasehold. Offers to P.O. Box No. 201. (5082)

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Wanted a Financier for an industrial prospective business apply Box No. 9609, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Individuals and firms having no permanent addresses in Bombay Communicate with Box No. 9606, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the permanent and pensionable post of an Assistant Lecturer for Analytical Work at the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, in the scale of Rs. 130-10-200 plus the House Rent allowance and the Dearness allowance. Candidates should be less than 25 years of age at the time of appointment but this condition may be relaxed in special cases.

QUALIFICATIONS:—M.Sc. with Organic Chemistry. Preference will be given to those with previous experience in carrying out ultimate analysis of organic compounds, preferably by the semi-micro or micro methods.

Form of application, etc., be obtained from the Principal, Royal Institute of Science, Bombay. Applications should reach the Principal not later than the 31st of October, 1945.

G. R. PARANJPE,
Principal,
Royal Institute of Science.
Bombay, 5-10-1945.
(5076)

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

A Vacancy for A Chief Agency

An Important Fire and Accident Office has vacancy for a CHIEF AGENCY. Person in position to influences good business may apply to Box No. 5063, "Bombay Chronicle".

THE LAKSHMI COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED

NOTICE.

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the Lakshmi Cotton Manufacturing Company Limited held on the 9th October, 1945, it was resolved that an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 25 per Ordinary Share free of tax be paid to the shareholders whose names stand in the Company's register on the 29th October, 1945.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 29th October to 8th November 1945 both days inclusive.

Warrants for the above dividend will be posted to the shareholders on the 9th November 1945.

By order of the Board
of Directors,
For the Bombay Company
Limited,
L. F. H. GOODWIN,
Managing Director,
Secretaries, Treasurers &
Agents.
9, Wallace Street, Fort,
Bombay, 9th October, 1945.
5107

THE VISHNU COTTON MILL, LIMITED

NOTICE

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the Vishnu Cotton Mill, Ltd., held on the 9th October, 1945 it was resolved that an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 8 per Ordinary Share free of tax be paid to the shareholders whose names stand in the Company's register on the 29th October, 1945.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 29th October to 8th November 1945 both days inclusive.

Warrants for the above dividend will be posted to the shareholders on the 9th November 1945.

By order of the Board of Directors.
For the Bombay Company
Limited,
L. F. H. GOODWIN,
Managing Director,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
9, Wallace Street, Fort,
Bombay, 9th October, 1945.
5108

THE NAGPUR PIONEER INSURANCE CO., LTD. NAGPUR

NOTICE

HAVING BEEN GIVEN the loss of Policy No. 8859 on the life of Mr. Ambalal Motilal Patel, B.A., of Chanasma Via-Mehsana, North-Gujarat, a duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

G. G. BUCHE,
Manager.
Date: 5-10-45.
5102

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by the undersigned so as to reach him on or before 20th October, 1945, for the post of a Dyeing and Printing Instructor in the grade of Rs. 180-4-200 per month plus the usual War Allowance The post is temporary at present, though in existence for several years. The candidate appointed is liable to be discharged after a month's notice if his work proves unsatisfactory.

QUALIFICATIONS—A degree or diploma in Textile Dyeing and Printing from a recognised Institution with 3 years' subsequent experience in teaching, demonstrating, or actual working in a Dyeing Factory is essential. Other qualifications being equal, preference will be given to a Bihar by birth or domicile.

Please apply stating educational and Technical qualifications, practical experience, age, caste and home district enclosing important copies of testimonials. Candidates will be required to appear for an interview at Patna at their cost.

(Sd) S. Z. HASSAN,
Superintendent,
Cottage Industries Institute,
Gulzarbagh, Patna.
5081

WELDING WELDING WELDING
GAS & ELECTRIC WELDING
of
EVERY DESCRIPTIONS
PROMPT EXECUTION
GUARANTEED!
(SAFE & AWAY FROM DISTURBED AREA)
KARBOGAZ MANUFACTORY,
4|8, Duncan Road,
Opposite Imperial Bank Branch,
Phone: 40910.
(9602)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER G.I.P. Rly. Bombay invites tenders upto 12 hours on 20-10-45 for constructing culvert and bridge at Ambernath. The Form of Tender Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- being made. These sums will not be refunded. 5104

THE SHOLAPOOR SPG. & WVG CO., LTD.

NOTICE
LOST OR MISLAID

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Ordinary Share Certificate No. 81 of the face value of Rs. 1,000/- standing in the name of Mr. Ganesh Hanmant Deshpande of Sholapur, has been lost or mislaid. Any person or persons claiming any interest in the said share certificate should notify to the Company within 14 days from the date hereof their claim or interest in the said share certificate failing which a duplicate of the said share will be issued to the above-named shareholder.

MORARKA & CO.,
Agents.
Standard Building,
346, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY. 5106

NOTICE TO DYESTUFF BUYERS

WE ARE NOW IN A POSITION to book orders for imports from U.S.A. & U.K. of all ranges of Dyestuffs under our own Licences Please apply quick to:—

B. SHIVCHAND AMRITLAL
& CO., LTD.,
Post Box No. 256, Bombay.
5080

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Scindia House", Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 2nd November, 1945, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) to adopt the Directors' Report and audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1945, to sanction the declaration of Dividend and Bonus, to elect Directors in place of those retiring and to elect Auditors and fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board of
Directors,
For the Scindia Steam
Nav. Co., Ltd.,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 8th October, 1945.
5110

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

THE BREACHES between Navsari and Baroda will be repaired and through running of trains resumed on 11th instant.

Kathiawar Expresses will not commence running until 12th. Delhi Expresses will not be reintroduced between Bombay-Baroda for the present.

Timings of trains will be as notified yesterday.
5111

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

WITH REFERENCE to the Notice appearing in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle," dated the 8th Instant, over the respective signatures of Gordhandas Goculdas, Dwarkadas Goculdas, Vithaldas Goculdas and Narandas Goculdas, we the undersigned Messrs. Amarchand and Mangaldas, Attorneys for Mr. Purshottam Goculdas, hereby bring to the notice of the public that the said four persons who are our client's partners in the firms of (1) Messrs. Hirji Umersey and Co., (2) Messrs. Vallabhdas Dayal and Co., and (3) Messrs. Premji Ukeda and Co., Secretaries Treasurers and Agents of (1) The Goculdas Callianji Barsi Cotton Press Co., Ltd., (2) The Goculdas Callianji Ahmednagar Cotton Press Co., Ltd. and (3) The Bharatpur Press Co., Ltd., had or have no right or authority to remove our client as an ex-officio Director of the said three Companies and that our client still continues to be a Director of the said three Companies and to act as Chairman of the Board of Directors as he has hitherto done for the last several years.

Bombay, Dated this 9th day of October, 1945.

AMARCHAND &
MANGALDAS,
Attorneys for Mr. Purshottam
Goculdas.
5109

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE CONTROLLED RETAIL PRICES for Scripto Pencils and Refills are: Rs. 1/4 per pencil including one 4 in. lead and As. 6 per Refill Pack of six 4 in. leads (24 inches of lead). Customers should not pay more than the above prices.

HENRY DAVIS COMPANY,
BOMBAY
5101

ANNOUNCEMENT

THE PUBLIC will be pleased to know that we have been allowed by the Directorate General of Supply, New Delhi, to sell a part of our product of Window and Sheet Glass to the Civil Market.

Write to:
SERAIKELLA GLASS WORKS, LTD.,
Kandra, B. N. Rly. (Singhbhum)
9610

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS OF COUNTRY TEAK JUNGLE WOOD AND BLACKWOOD.

M/s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from Messrs Mckenzies Ltd., Sewree, Bombay, sell by Public Auction at their Yard at Sewree, on Thursday 18-10-45 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

Big lots of Country Teak, Jungle and Blackwood.

Terms: 25% Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT KUMBHAR TUKADA LANE, BHULESHWAR.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M/s. Amarchand & Mangaldas and M/s. Mazmudar & Dalal, Attorneys for the Vendors sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, 27-10-45 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) the undermentioned immovable property on the premises.

All that piece of Pension and Tax land (since redeemed) with dwelling house at Kumbhar Tukada Lane off the junction of Thakurdwar Road with Girgaum Back Road, admeasuring 148 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Survey No. 2369, Cadastral Survey No. 2316 of Bhuleshwar Division, Municipal C Ward No. 5047-48, Street No. 2.

For particulars apply to M/s Amarchand & Mangaldas at their Office at Lentin Chambers, M/s. Mazmudar & Dalal at Ismail Building, Attorneys for the Vendors or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF LAND.

Of special Interest to Agriculturists, Fruit Growers, Farmers and Breeders.

To be sold by Public Auction on SUNDAY the 21st October, 1945, at 11-30 A.M. (N.S.T.)

On the site of Lot No. 1 adjoining Loni Station G. I. P. Rly. about 10 miles from Poona on the main Sholapur Road.

2 Lots:— One comprising about 5 Acres and 1 Guntha with a pucca built house, out buildings and a well and another comprising about 2 Acres and 12 Gunthas with a well and a building by Sorabjee Cowasjee & Co., Auctioneers of 123, Medows Street, on the instructions of Messrs. Little and Co. Attorneys for Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Ltd. Executors of the late Mrs. G.D.L. Thomas.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the above mentioned Solicitors or the Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay

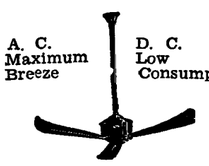
AUCTION SALE OF RIGHT TITLE & INTEREST IN THE PROPERTIES IN THE WILL.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay we shall sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 22nd October, 1945, at 3 p.m. (N.S.T.) at our rooms at 122 Apollo St., Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the Insolvent Behram Ardeshir Dhondy in the properties coming to his share, under the will of his mother Bai Goolbai Ardeshir Dhondy, dated 14th August, 1945.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

MOON FAN

A. C. Maximum Breeze
D. C. Low Consumption



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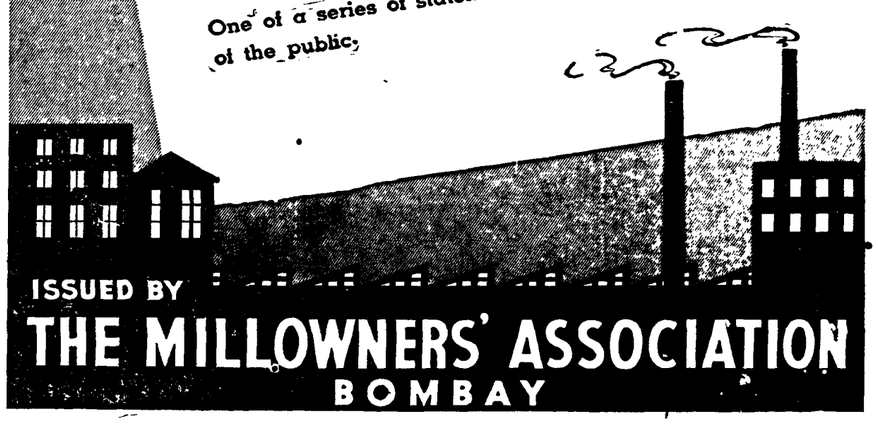
FACT No. 2

HERE and there, where the cause of the present cloth 'famine' is discussed, the point is often made that the situation would improve if India's handloom industry were supplied with adequate supplies of yarn with which to produce cloth to supplement the output of the mills.

Is it true that the handloom industry is not receiving adequate supplies of yarn? Indeed, no! More than 500 million pounds of yarn, representing about 31% of the total yarn output of the Indian Cotton Textile Industry, is now available to the handloom weavers and other users as against an average of 398 million pounds pre-war. The handloom industry can produce, with the yarn now available, about 2,500 million yards of cloth which represents an increase of a little over 30% on its pre-war average production.

These facts and figures demonstrate that India's cotton textile industry now provides more yarn for the handloom industry than before the war.

One of a series of statements of fact for the information of the public.



ISSUED BY
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BOMBAY

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